CRIME
IN MASSACHUSETTS — 1986

MICHAEL S. DUKAKIS
GOVERNOR

CHARLES V. BARRY
SECRETARY OF PUBLIC SAFETY

WILLIAM McCABE
COMMISSIONER

UCR ... UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING

Issued by:

MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT of PUBLIC SAFETY
CRIME REPORTING UNIT

C R I M E I N M A S S A C H U S E T T S

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THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE HOUSE • BOSTON 02133

MICHAEL S. DUKAKIS
GOVERNOR

PREFACE

Major crime in Massachusetts dropped again in 1986 while nationally crime increased by six percent. These results are part of a healthy four-year crime drop in the Commonwealth that surpasses nearly every other state in the nation. During these past four years, crime has fallen more than 14 percent in Massachusetts while showing no signs of lessening nationwide.

These statistics are a reflection of hard work by state and local law enforcement officers who have pledged to make Massachusetts a safer place in which to live and work.

At the state level, we will continue to provide local police with training, tools and programs such as "Sherlock", our new finger-print computer, and the Violent Fugitive Arrest Squad which will continue to bring down crime rates in future years.

Let us continue to work together to provide Massachusetts with even safer communities in which our families can live safely and prosper.

Sincerely,

Michael S. Dukakis
Governor

Michael S. Dukakis
Governor

Charles V. Barry
Secretary

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Executive Office of Public Safety

One Ashburton Place

Boston, Massachusetts 02108 (617) 727-7775

FOREWORD

The statistics reported in CRIME IN MASSACHUSETTS 1986 are a testimonial to the effective crime prevention efforts of both state and local police throughout the Commonwealth.

It is interesting to note that while crime was down in Massachusetts, the increases reported nationally were in every region of the country, including the Northeast.

I believe that training remains the cornerstone of professional and effective policing. Over the past five years, the budget for the Criminal Justice Training Council has quadrupled and we remain committed to providing law enforcement with the latest programs and techniques available.

Massachusetts is one of several states to receive special funding to implement a new incident-based reporting system that will eventually provide local communities with the data for successful crime analysis. Over the next three to five years, we will be working with local departments to develop computerized reporting standards.

The Uniform Crime Reporting system is a volunteer effort that benefits everyone. We need your continued cooperation to make our UCR system a model for the nation.

Sincerely,

Charles V. Barry

Charles V. Barry
Secretary of Public Safety

PARTICIPATING AGENCIES 1986

We wish to thank the following agencies for their contributions:

BARNSTABLE COUNTY

Barnstable PD
Bourne PD
Brewster PD
Chatham PD
Dennis PD
Eastham PD
Falmouth PD
Harwich PD
Mashpee PD
Orleans PD
Provincetown PD
Sandwich PD
Truro PD
Wellfleet PD
Yarmouth PD

BERKSHIRE COUNTY

Adams PD
Cheshire PD
Dalton PD
Great Barrington PD
Lee PD
Monterey PD
North Adams PD
Pittsfield PD
Sheffield PD
Stockbridge PD
Williamstown PD

BRISTOL COUNTY

Acushnet PD
Attleboro PD
Dartmouth PD
Dighton PD
Easton PD
Fall River PD
Freetown PD
Mansfield PD
New Bedford PD
North Attleboro PD
Norton PD
Raynham PD
Rehoboth PD
Seekonk PD
Swansea PD
Taunton PD
Westport PD

DUKES COUNTY

Edgartown PD
Gay Head PD
Tisbury PD

ESSEX COUNTY

Amesbury PD
Andover PD
Beverly PD
Boxford PD
Danvers PD
Essex PD
Georgetown PD
Gloucester PD
Hamilton PD
Haverhill PD
Ipswich PD
Lynn PD
Lynnfield PD
Manchester PD
Marblehead PD
Merrimac PD
Methuen PD
Nahant PD
Newbury PD
Newburyport PD
North Andover PD
Peabody PD
Rockport PD
Rowley PD
Saugus PD
Swampscott PD
Wenham PD

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Ashfield PD
Bernardston PD
Deerfield PD
Gill PD
Leyden PD
Montague PD
Northfield PD
Orange PD
Shelburne PD
Sunderland PD

HAMPDEN COUNTY

Agawam PD
Blandford PD
Brimfield PD
Chicopee PD
East Longmeadow PD
Granville PD
Hampden PD
Holland PD
Longmeadow PD
Ludlow PD
Monson PD
Palmer PD
Southwick PD
Springfield PD
Tolland PD
West Springfield PD
Westfield PD
Wilbraham PD

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY

Amherst PD
Belchertown PD
Easthampton PD
Granby PD
Hadley PD
Hatfield PD
Northampton PD
South Hadley PD
Southampton PD
Ware PD
Worthington PD

MIDDLESEX COUNTY

Acton PD
Arlington PD
Ashby PD
Ashland PD
Ayer PD
Bedford PD
Belmont PD
Billerica PD
Boxboro PD
Burlington PD
Cambridge PD
Chelmsford PD
Dracut PD
Everett PD
Framingham PD
Holliston PD
Hopkinton PD
Hudson PD
Lexington PD
Littleton PD
Lowell PD
Malden PD
Marlboro PD
Maynard PD
Medford PD
Melrose PD
Natick PD
Newton PD
Pepperell PD
Reading PD
Sherborn PD
Shirley PD
Somerville PD
Stoneham PD
Stow PD
Sudbury PD
Waltham PD
Watertown PD
Wayland PD
Westford PD
Weston PD
Wilmington PD
Winchester PD
Woburn PD

NANTUCKET COUNTY

Nantucket PD
Avon PD
Bellingham PD
Braintree PD
Brookline PD
Canton PD
Dedham PD
Dover PD
Foxboro PD
Franklin PD
Medfield PD
Medway PD
Millis PD
Milton PD
Needham PD
Norfolk PD
Norwood PD
Plainville PD
Quincy PD
Sharon PD
Stoughton PD
Walpole PD
Wellesley PD
Westwood PD
Weymouth PD

PLYMOUTH COUNTY

Bridgewater PD
Brockton PD
Duxbury PD
East Bridgewater PD
Hanson PD
Hingham PD
Hull PD
Lakeville PD
Marion PD
Marshfield PD
Mattapoisett PD
Middleboro PD
Pembroke PD
Scituate PD
Wareham PD
West Bridgewater PD

SUFFOLK COUNTY

Boston PD
Chelsea PD
Winthrop PD

WORCESTER COUNTY

Ashburnham PD
Athol PD
Auburn PD
Berlin PD
Blackstone PD
Bolton PD
Boylston PD
Brookfield PD
Charlton PD
Clinton PD
Douglas PD
Dudley PD
Fitchburg PD
Gardner PD
Grafton PD
Hardwick PD
Harvard PD
Holden PD
Hopedale PD
Hubbardston PD
Leicester PD
Leominster PD
Lunenburg PD
Mendon PD
Milford PD
Millbury PD
North Brookfield PD
Northboro PD
Northbridge PD
Oxford PD
Phillipston PD
Rutland PD
Shrewsbury PD
Southboro PD
Southbridge PD
Spencer PD
Sturbridge PD
Sutton PD
Webster PD
West Boylston PD
Westboro PD
Westminster PD
Winchendon PD
Worcester PD

STATE AGENCIES

Capitol Police

Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Police

Massachsetts State Police

Metropolitan Police

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY POLICE

Boston College PD - Newton

Boston University PD - Boston

Framingham State College - Framingham

Massachusetts Institute of Technology PD - Cambridge

North Adams State College - No. Adams

Northeastern University - Boston

Tufts University - Medford

University of Mass. PD - Amherst

University of Mass. PD - Boston

University of Mass. PD - Worcester

Wentworth Institute - Boston

Our appreciation is also extended to the following for their support in establishing and supporting the Massachusetts Uniform Crime Reporting Program:

MASSACHUSETTS CHIEFS OF POLICE ASSOCIATION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION - UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SECTION

MASSACHUSETTS CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING COUNCIL

MASSACHUSETTS COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE

SECTION 1

THE MASSACHUSETTS UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING PROGRAM

HISTORY OF UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING

Although the impetus for collecting nationwide crime information dates back to the 1890's, no ongoing program was initiated until the Committee on Uniform Crime Records of the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) was established in 1927. This Committee's responsibility to provide management information to law enforcement agencies was eventually turned over to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) in 1930, when the FBI received a Congressional mandate to collect and disseminate national crime information. The IACP has continued to serve the Uniform Crime Reporting Program (UCR) in an advisory capacity, and has been joined in this responsibility by the National Sheriffs' Association.

UCR receives crime information through voluntary reports submitted by individual law enforcement agencies across the country. In 1966, the FBI began coordinating UCR data collection through designated state level agencies which report statewide information to the FBI each month. Massachusetts is pleased to be one of the states now participating in the state level UCR program.

OBJECTIVES OF MASSACHUSETTS UCR

Because increasing attention has been focused on the problem of crime in our communities in recent years, many segments of our population need more complete information for a variety of reasons.

Citizens are understandably concerned about the possibility of becoming victims of crime, but may not know what the real probability is. Law enforcement professionals, managers, and administrators who must focus on crime in their jurisdictions, also need to know what is occurring in surrounding jurisdictions in order to deploy personnel and equipment most efficiently to protect citizens and bring criminals to justice. Legislators need statewide information about crime in order to pass realistic laws that will increase the stability of our society. Researchers and planners need to know what is actually happening to predict trends and recommend changes.

The goal of **Crime in Massachusetts** is to identify the nature and extent of criminal activity in this state and present the information needed by each of these groups. This information will not in itself prevent crime, but it may encourage all segments of society, by understanding the problem, to work together with law enforcement agencies to reduce crime through more effective enforcement.

The objectives of Crime in Massachusetts are:

1. To identify the nature and extent of crime in our state;

2. To improve the management information needed by the law enforcement community to augment their ability to attack the crime problem;

3. To provide our citizens with the most complete information available;

4. To provide legislators with the information necessary to formulate laws which address the crime problem; and

5. To include sufficiently detailed data for researchers and planners.

CONSIDERATIONS FOR INTERPRETATION

Statistics are a tool used to summarize information so that patterns or trends become clearer. All statistics must be interpreted with an understanding of just what it is that they can say. Too often, numbers of the type in this report are used incorrectly to draw conclusions that the statistics simply do not support. In order to avoid this error, it is necessary to know what information is included and how it is reported.

To obtain accurate information from many different agencies, the national UCR program had to precisely define the methods for counting such information as the number of offenses, arrests, clearances and value of stolen or recovered property. The methods of counting and some resulting limitations are explained below.

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

UCR divides offenses into two major classifications which are designated **PART I** and **PART II** offenses. This distinction is important to keep in mind because different information is collected for each. **PART I** offenses include 1) **Violent Crimes:** murder and non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault; and 2) **Property Crimes:** burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft and arson. All other offenses are classified under **PART II** (see Offense Definitions section).

Part I offenses, excluding negligent manslaughter and arson, are used to calculate the Crime Index and Crime Rate (see sections entitled Crime Index and Crime Rate). (Arson is calculated separately.)

All offenses are classified on the basis of law enforcement officer investigation in accordance with UCR offense definitions (which are **NOT** necessarily identical to Massachusetts General Law definitions). Because UCR identifies a Police problem, offense classifications are not based on the findings of a court, medical examiner, jury or decision of a prosecutor.

COUNTING OF OFFENSES

The number of Offenses is counted **only** for Part I crimes and simple assault. The method of counting varies with the type of crime committed, and it is important to remember that the number of offenders does not determine the number of offenses.

For murder and non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, aggravated assault and simple assault, one offense is counted for each **VICTIM**, regardless of the number of offenders involved.

For robbery and larceny, one offense is counted for **each distinct operation** which is separate in time and place. The number of victims in any one operation does not determine the number of offenses. For example, if 20 people are robbed in a bar at the same time, only **ONE** offense has occurred. However, if that robber then leaves the bar and holds up a passerby, a second offense has occurred.

For burglary, one offense is counted for each structure which is illegally entered. However, when the structure is an apartment house, or business or office building in which units are leased for a period of time, one offense is counted for each unit burglarized.

For motor vehicle theft, one offense is counted for each vehicle stolen.

Note: Attempts to commit any of the Crime Index offenses are counted as actual offenses, except that attempts to kill and assaults to kill are counted as aggravated assault.

For multiple offenses that occur in one crime incident, only the most serious offense is counted. Part I crimes are ranked according to seriousness and appear in order from most serious to least serious under "Classification of Offenses," page 6. Example: A robber takes a man's wallet and then beats him causing serious injury. Both a robbery and an aggravated assault have occurred, but because robbery is considered by UCR to be more serious, only the robbery is counted. From one perspective, this method of counting seriously understates the crime problem, but from another, it prevents undue inflation of crime statistics.

Notes: 1. Arson is an exception to the above rule and is counted separately from other offenses.
2. The number of offenses is not counted for Part II offenses.

ARRESTS

Arrest information is collected for all Part I and Part II offenses according to age, sex, and race of the offender. It is not possible, however, to correlate race with sex or specific ages because the information is collected independently, thus limiting analysis. Furthermore, arrest figures cannot be directly related to the number of crimes cleared because arrest totals count all offenders arrested for each offense, and clearance-totals count only the offenses for which an arrest or arrests have occurred,

CLEARANCES

An offense is considered cleared (solved) when at least one offender is arrested for a crime, even though several may have been involved. Offenses may also be cleared by exceptional means when the offender: commits suicide, makes a dying declaration, confesses while in custody or serving time for another crime, is prosecuted in another jurisdiction for the same offense, is a juvenile who is handled by notifying the parents or when the victim refuses to prosecute or another jurisdiction refuses to extradite the offender.

Clearances are counted as "adult" and "juvenile." A "juvenile" clearance is counted only when juveniles are exclusively involved in the clearance of an offense. If the arrest of both adults and juveniles result in a clearance, it is counted as an "adult" clearance.

Note: Not all crimes are cleared within the calendar year in which the offense occurs.

PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED

The figures for value of property stolen and recovered are not set forth in this report due to the fact that compiling this information manually is virtually impossible. Property stolen and recovered information will have to await a fully automated UCR system in Massachusetts.

REPORTING VARIATIONS

Massachusetts now receives Uniform Crime Reports from 282 law enforcement agencies. Because the number of reporting units is so large, one must be aware that unintentional variations from UCR guidelines may occur that would affect the validity of the data presented here.

Offense totals will probably vary from the actual number of offenses that occur because UCR statistics are based on crimes that are reported to law enforcement agencies and many crimes occur that are not reported to police.

INFORMATION GROUPING

The crime statistics reported by an individual agency indicate what is happening in one particular area. To make rational comparisons among a number of jurisdictions, communities with similar characteristics need to be grouped together. It may be important to know how a city compares with cities of similar size, or how patterns of crime differ in various types of communities. Grouping agencies with similar characteristics allows these determinations to be made. Aside from being merely interesting, such comparative analysis provides the basic information for long range criminal justice planning.

UCR groups jurisdictions on the basis of population size in this report. If any type of comparisons are to be made, the reader should also consider what type of community it is that is being compared. Communities should be classified as urban, suburban, or rural. This is essential in order to view a jurisdiction in the proper perspective. Grouping by population size considers only the population of the relevant area in this report. It does not consider proximity to a major metropolitan area in spite of the fact that widely different crime patterns could be expected in a city of 30,000 which is a suburb of Boston or Worcester and one which is in a rural area. In this report, grouping by population does not take into account the urban, suburban, rural character of the area, and includes a wide range of populations in each category. For use in interpreting this report, the UCR grouping systems are listed below:

POPULATION GROUPINGS - CITIES AND TOWNS

GROUP	POPULATION
1	Over 250,000,
2	100,000 to 250,000,
3	50,000 to 99,999,
4	25,000 to 49,999,
5	10,000 to 24,999,
6	2,500 to 9,999,
7	Under 2,500-

OFFENSE ESTIMATION

Estimation of offenses in this publication are made only on those contributing agencies who have submitted three or more months statistics. Those with less than three months statistics have been omitted.

Estimations are factored based on the statistics submitted. This means the estimate assumes that the missing months would be equal to the submitted months. The only exception is murder where no estimate is made.

CRIME INDEX

The Crime Index is a basic measure of crime which can be used for comparing the extent of crime among cities, counties and states of similar size. The Index is simply the total number of certain offenses that occur in a given area in a given calendar period. The offenses are murder and non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor vehicle theft--all of the Part I offenses except negligent manslaughter and simple assault.

The offenses were selected as indicators of the total amount of criminal activity because they are serious offenses that are the focus of widespread concern; they occur with sufficient frequency to reflect fluctuations in the overall level of criminal activity; they are most likely to be reported, and reported accurately, to law enforcement officers due to their seriousness; and, they are offenses that can be clearly and specifically defined.

Notwithstanding its usefulness, the Index does have limitations. The relationship between the Index offenses and total criminal activity, both reported and unreported, has never been firmly established. The varying severity of offenses is not taken into account, resulting in equal weight being given to a shoplifting and a forcible rape. Furthermore, the actual incidence of crime in a city may not be accurately depicted by the Index if the majority of the city's crime involves non-Index offenses such as gambling and narcotics.

CRIME RATE

The Crime Rate is based on the Index, but adjusts the Index for variances in population by indicating the number of Index offenses for each 1,000 persons (other base population increments may be used such as the number of Index offenses per 100,000). This means that comparisons may be made among several areas with different populations, or within one area with different populations over a period of time, without the information being biased by population differences. Factors other than population that also influence crime rates include level of economic activity and unemployment; the cultural, religious, racial and age mix of the population; the time of day, day of the week, or the season of the year; local standards and enforcement policies; proximity to a metropolitan area; and, transience of the population, among others. For most general comparison, the Crime Rate is probably the most accurate to use.

To calculate the Crime Rate, first divide the population of the area by 1,000, and divide the Crime Index by that answer. For example, if a city has a population of 273,000 and a Crime Index of 21,257, the calculations would be:

1) 273,000 divided by 1,000 = 273.00
2) 21,257 divided by 273.00= 77.86

Thus, although the city's Crime Index is 21,257, its Crime Rate (the number of crimes for each 1,000 people) is 77.86.

In this report, calculations for a town under 1,000 are based on 100 rather than 1,000. For example, a town has 963 population and a Crime Index of 158:

1) 963 divided by 100 = 9.63
2) 158 divided by 9.63 = 16.41 per 100.

RISK FACTOR

The Risk Factor, which has been calculated for each Index Offense, indicates the likelihood that an individual Massachusetts citizen or his or her property would have been the victim of a particular crime. Because the Risk Factor identifies the risk to each individual, it differs from the Crime Rate which specifies the number of offenses for every 1,000 people.

> Interpretation: If the Risk Factor states **1 in 273 people**, it should be interpreted to mean that one person was victimized by that crime for every 273 people in Massachusetts.

Risk Factors have been computed for 1985 and 1986 for each Index offense to point out whether the degree of risk has increasesd or decreased. If the Risk Factors for a particular crime are:

1985	1 in 273 people
1986	1 in 265 people

The degree of risk increased from 1985 to 1986 because there was one crime for a fewer number of people in 1985 than in 1986. Thus each individual was more likely to have become a victim. However, if the Risk Factors are:

1985	1 in 273 people
1986	1 in 295 people

The degree of risk decreased from 1985 to 1986. This is indicated by the fact that there was one crime for a larger number of people in 1985, and consequently, each individual was less likely to have become a victim. The interpretation is the same whether the risk is stated for people, residences, business or vehicles.

OFFENSE DEFINITIONS

Uniform Crime Reporting, as a nationwide program, received information from over 16,000 law enforcement agencies in 50 states. Because titles and descriptions of crime can vary widely among state codes, it was necessary to ensure that each agency would define offenses the same way. For this reason, UCR established the following standard offense definitions:

PART I OFFENSES

Criminal Homicide:

a. Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter:

The willful, non-negligent killing of one person by another. Excludes attempts to kill and assaults to kill (classified as aggravated assault), suicide, accidental death and justifiable homicide.

b. Negligent Manslaughter:

The killing of another person through gross negligence. Does **NOT** include traffic fatalities.

Forcible Rape

The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Include rape by force or threat of force, assault to rape and attempted rape. Excludes statutory rape which is based on the victim's age.

Robbery

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from a person or persons by force, or threat of force or violence and/or putting the victim in fear. Includes assault to rob, strongarm robbery and armed robbery.

Aggravated Assault

An unlawful attack by one person on another for the purpose of inflicting severe bodily injury or death, usually accompanied by the use of a weapon that is likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Includes attempted murder and attempted aggravated assault when a non-personal weapon (not part of the attacker's body) is used, even though there is no injury. Attacks using personal weapons (part of the attacker's body) must result in serious personal injury to be classified as aggravated assault. Excludes simple assault.

Burglary

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. It is not necessary that force be used in the entry or that a loss results from it. Includes attempted forcible entry.

Larceny

The unlawful taking or stealing of property from the possession of another without the use of force, violence or fraud. Includes attempted larceny. Excludes motor vehicle theft (classified separately because of volume), embezzlement, forgery, worthless checks and other thefts by fraud.

Motor Vehicle Theft

The unlawful taking of a motor vehicle. Includes attempted motor vehicle theft. Excludes the theft of motor boats, construction equipment, airplanes and farming equipment.

Arson

The willful or malicious burning of property with or without the intent to defraud. Includes attempted arson.

PART II OFFENSES

Other Assaults

An unlawful attack or attempted attack on another person which does not result in serious injury to the victim and which does not involve the use of a dangerous weapon.

Forgery and Counterfeiting

The making, altering, using or possession, with intent to defraud, of anything false which is made to appear true. Includes attempts.

Fraud

Fraudulent conversion, and obtaining money or property by fraudulent means. Includes confidence games, larceny by bailee and bad checks (except forged or counterfeit checks).

Embezzlement

Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody or control.

Stolen Property Offense

The buying, receiving and possessing of stolen property, or the attempt to do so.

Vandalism

The willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement or defacement of real or personal property without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control.

Weapons Offense

All violations of regulations or statutes that control carrying, using, possessing, furnishing and manufacturing deadly weapons or silencers. Includes attempts.

Prostitution and Commercialized Vice

Sex offenses and attempted sex offenses of a commercialized nature.

Narcotic Drug Laws

The unlawful possession, sale, use, growth, or manufacture of narcotic drugs.

Gambling

Promoting, permitting or engaging in illegal gambling.

Offenses Against Family and Children

Nonsupport, neglect, desertion or abuse of family and children.

Driving Under the Influence

Operating any motor vehicle or common carrier while under the influence of liquor or narcotics.

Liquor Laws

Violation of state or local regulatory liquor laws. Includes sale to minors and drinking on a public conveyance. Excludes driving under the influence and drunkenness.

Protective Custody (Not included in State arrest totals).

Indicates the number of persons taken into protective custody for such reasons as drunkenness and self-protection. (Captures information for manpower studies and analyses).

Disorderly Conduct

Breaching the peace or attempting to do so.

Vagrancy

Offenses such as begging and loitering.

All Other Offenses

All violations of state or local laws except traffic violations and offenses defined above.

Suspicion

(Not an offense in Massachusetts). Arrest for no specific offense and release without formal charges being filed.

Curfew and Loitering Laws

Violations of local curfew and loitering ordinances.

Runaway

The unlawful truancy from a legal place of residence by a juvenile.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Guidelines and procedures for the implementation of the "Blueprint for the Future of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program" are currently being utilized by the South Carolina State Uniform Crime Reporting Program. It is hoped that the final debugging will be completed and the enhanced UCR Program ready for distribution sometime in 1988. This new Incident Reporting System will collect data in some 25 crime categories of both incidents and arrests as opposed to our current monthly system of summary reporting.

Locally, Massachusetts has been awarded a grant to study ways and means to assist agencies in joining the new Incident Reporting System. Committees have been formed to include the various population levels of UCR contributors and UCR personnel to expedite the introduction of the new system throughout the state. It is intended to approach this slowly to insure the integrity of both the old and new systems, and gradually increase the number of contributors who wish to join the new system. Eventually, all agencies will be enabled to contribute.

OFFICERS ASSAULTED AND KILLED 1986

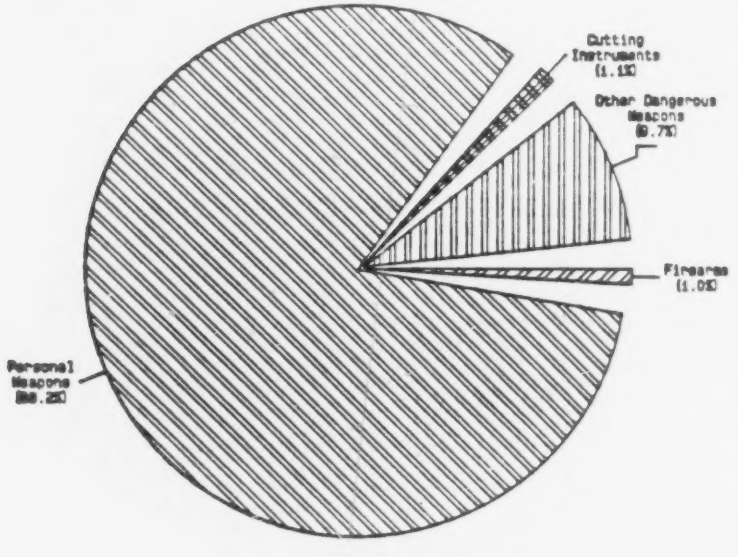
OFFICERS KILLED AND ASSAULTED - 1986

In 1986, contributing agencies reported 1,971 officer assaults with 32.3% of the total assaults causing injuries to officers. The type of activity in which an officer was most likely to be assaulted was responding to a "disturbance call", which amounted to 36.9% of the total assaults. Other activities of significance were attempting other arrests(excluding burglary & robbery suspects) 15.9% of the total; handling, transporting and custody of prisoners 13.8% of the total; traffic pursuits and stops with 8.5% of the total; investigating suspicious persons or circumstances showed 10.5% of the total assaults.

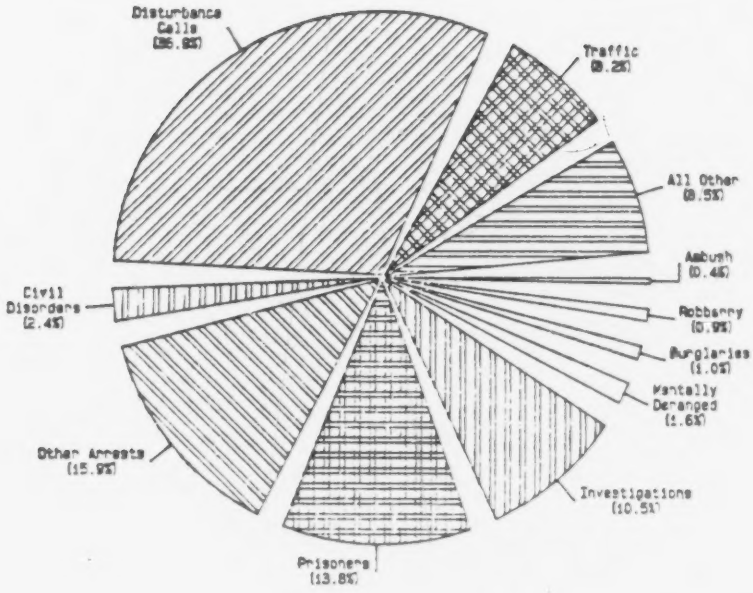
As far as weapons are concerned, hands, fists, and feet were used in 88.1% of the assaults, followed by other dangerous weapons 9.7%, knife or cutting instrument 1.1% and firearm 1.0%. The type of assignment where most assaults occurred was a two-man vehicle which resulted in 845 assaults or 42.9%, followed by a one-man vehicle when the officer was assisted 453 assaults or 23.0% of the total. During a 24 hour period using 8 hour shifts, the shift when most assaults occurred was 4 PM to 12 Midnight, 932 assaults or 47.3%, while the least amount occurred between the 8 AM to 4 PM shift, 283 assaults or 14.4%.

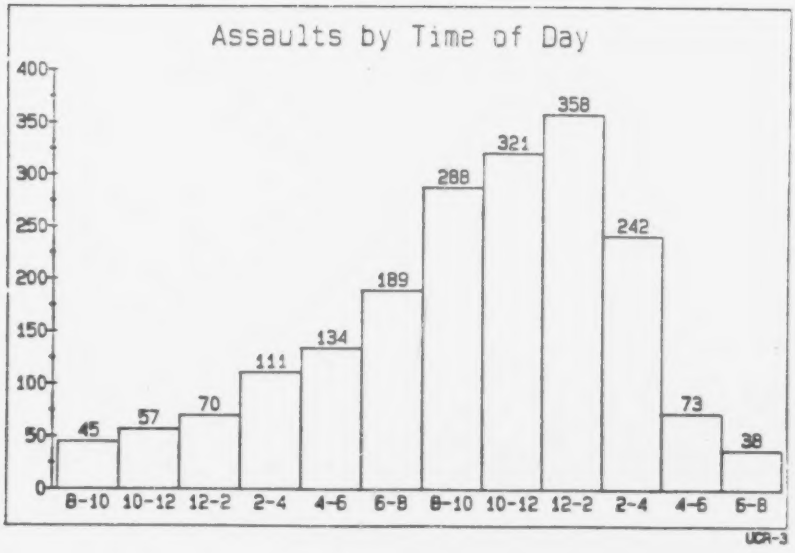
Combining these factors, an officer stands the highest risk of assault when responding to a disturbance call between the hours of 4 PM and 12 Midnight, in a two-man vehicle with the offender using his hands, fists or feet as a weapon.

ASSAULTS BY WEAPON



Assaults By Activity





MASSACHUSETTS OFFICERS ASSAULTED - 1986

OFFICERS Assaulted Trend (1985 vs. 1986): -12.8%

ACTIVITY BY WEAPON, ASSIGNMENT AND CLEARANCES:

Officers Assaulted (Do not include officers killed) - See other side for instructions.

Type of Activity	Total Assaults by Weapon A	Type of Weapon: Firearm B	Knife or Other Cutting Instrument C	Other Dangerous Weapon D	Hands, Fists, Feet, etc. E	Type of Assignment: Two-Man Vehicle F	One-Man Vehicle: Alone G	One-Man Vehicle: Assisted H	Detective or Special Assign.: Alone I	Detective or Special Assign.: Assisted J	Other: Alone K	Other: Assisted L	Police assaults cleared M
1. Responding to "Disturbance" calls (family quarrels, man with gun, etc.)	728	4	7	70	647	354	89	238	3	11	10	23	722
2. Burglaries in progress or pursuing burglary suspects	19	1		4	14	11	2	5		1			19
3. Robberies in progress or pursuing robbery suspects	17	4		1	12	13	2	1				1	17
4. Attempting other arrests	313	1		15	297	108	46	49	6	42	38	24	310
5. Civil disorder (riot, mass disobedience)	47	7	3	4	33	36	2	1		5	1	2	45
6. Handling, transporting, custody of prisoners	272		1	14	257	91	32	53	1	12	37	46	271
7. Investigating suspicious persons or circumstances	206		5	17	184	91	33	22	9	19	13	19	203
8. Ambush - no warning	8			4	4	5		2			1		8
9. Mentally deranged	32		5	5	22	15	4	8	2		2	1	32
10. Traffic pursuits and stops	161			38	123	56	46	49	1	1	4	4	160
11. All other	168	3	1	20	144	65	18	33	4	4	29	15	166
12. TOTAL (1-11)	1971	20	22	192	1737	845	274	461	26	95	135	135	1953
13. Number with personal injury	637		3	100	534								
14. Number without personal injury	1334	20	19	92	1203								

15. Time of assaults		12:01	2:00	4:00	6:00	8:00	10:00	12:00
	AM	369	253	74	40	45	59	
	PM	70	112	136	196	291	326	

SECTION 3

MASSACHUSETTS CRIME INDEX 1986

INTRODUCTION

The 252,688 reported offenses in 1986 represent a 1.4% decrease over 1985. Violent crime showed an increase of 2.7% while property crime was down 1.9%. Considering the population of the Commonwealth (5,746,441 in 1985 census) and the total number of offenses reported in 1986, there were 44.0 serious crimes per 1,000 Massachusetts residents. This shows a crime rate decrease of .7%.

Over the past five years, Massachusetts has experienced lower index crimes (14.0% below the national average) per 100,000 persons than the nation as a whole. Violent crime was 6.7% lower and property crime showed a 14.9% decrease, averaged over the five year period (1982-1986).

YEAR	TOTAL CRIME INDEX	TREND
1985	256,166	
1986	252,688	- 1.4%

YEAR	TOTAL VIOLENT CRIME	TREND
1985	29,878	
1986	30,684	+ 2.7%

YEAR	TOTAL PROPERTY CRIME	TREND
1985	226,288	
1986	222,004	- 1.9%

YEAR	TOTAL MURDER	TREND
1985	190	
1986	186	- 2.1%

YEAR	TOTAL FORCIBLE RAPE	TREND
1985	1,653	
1986	1,642	- .7%

YEAR	TOTAL ROBBERY	TREND
1985	10,670	
1986	10,794	+ 1.2%

YEAR	TOTAL AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	TREND
1985	17,365	
1986	18,062	+ 4.0%

YEAR	TOTAL BURGLARY	TREND
1985	60,035	
1986	56,886	- 5.2%

YEAR	TOTAL LARCENY	TREND
1985	119,150	
1986	115,891	- 2.7

YEAR	TOTAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	TREND
1985	47,103	
1986	49,227	+ 4.5

The approximate number of crime index offenses that came to the attention of Massachusetts law enforcement agencies every 24 hours in 1986 were as follows: (rounded)

MURDER	.5
FORCIBLE RAPE	4.5
ROBBERY	29.6
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	49.5
BURGLARY	155.9
LARCENY-THEFT	317.5
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	134.9
VIOLENT CRIME	84.1
PROPERTY CRIME	608.2
TOTAL INDEX CRIME	692.3

Of the 252,688 crime index offenses reported to the Crime Reporting Unit by 282 local and state law enforcement agencies, 30,684 or 12.1% were crimes of violence, and 222,004 or 87.9% were property crimes.

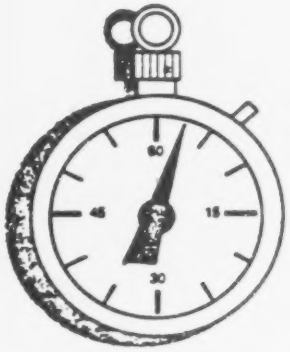
The City of Boston with 69,007 index crimes accounted for 27.3% of the total crime reported in the Commonwealth. Other cities of significance were: (rounded)

CITY	TOTAL INDEX OFFENSES	%
Worcester	11,662	4.6
Brockton	9,000	3.6
Springfield	8,459	3.3
Cambridge	6,441	2.6
Lowell	6,408	2.5
Lynn	6,389	2.5
Fall River	6,355	2.5
New Bedford	5,921	2.3
Quincy	3,455	1.4
All other contributors	119,591	47.3

For a detailed anaysis of each index offense, please refer to the remainder of the pages in this section (3).

NOTE: These figures represent those contributors who have submitted a minimum of 3 months' reports. Cities and towns with less than 3 months' data were not included in this report.

CRIME CLOCK
1986



one
CRIME INDEX OFFENSE
every **2** MINUTES

one
VIOLENT CRIME
every 17 MINUTES

one
MURDER
every 47.1 HOURS

one
FORCIBLE RAPE
every 5.3 HOURS

one
ROBBERY
every 48.7 MINUTES

one
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
every 29.1 MINUTES

one
PROPERTY CRIME
every 2 MINUTES

one
BURGLARY
every 9.2 MINUTES

one
LARCENY-THEFT
every 4.5 MINUTES

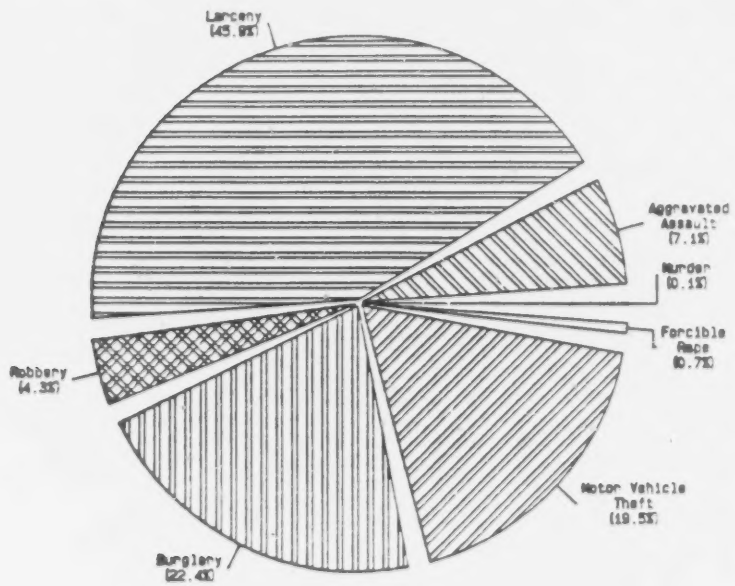
one
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
every 10.7 MINUTES

The crime clock should be viewed with care. Being the most aggregate representation of UCR data, it is designed to convey the annual reported crime experience by showing the relative frequency of occurrence of the Index Offenses. This mode of display should not be taken to imply a regularity in the commission of the Part I Offenses; rather, it represents the annual ratio of crime to fixed time intervals.

CRIME IN MASSACHUSETTS

OFFENSES	EACH DAY IN MASSACHUSETTS THERE WERE:		TOTAL NUMBER OF OFFENSES REPORTED	
	1985	1986	1985	1986
CRIMES	702	692	256,166	252,688
VIOLENT CRIMES	82	84	29,878	30,684
PROPERTY CRIMES	620	608	226,288	222,004
MURDERS	.52	.51	190	186
FORCIBLE RAPES	5	4	1,653	1,642
ROBBERIES	29	30	10,670	10,794
AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS	48	49	17,365	18,062
BURGLARIES	164	156	60,035	56,886
LARCENIES	326	318	119,150	115,891
M. V. THEFTS	129	135	47,103	49,227

Percent Distribution
Of Index Offenses - 1986



AN OVERVIEW OF THE SEVEN CRIME INDEX OFFENSES - 1986

1. MURDER

a. % OF TOTAL CRIME INDEX(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = .07
b. % OF TOTAL VIOLENT CRIME(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = .61
c. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(NATIONAL) - 1986 = .08
d. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = .03
e. RISK FACTOR(NATIONAL) - 1986

1 in 11,695 INHABITANTS

f. RISK FACTOR(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986

1 in 30,895 INHABITANTS

g. CRIME TREND - FROM PREVIOUS YEAR(MASSACHUSETTS) 85-86 = - 2.1
h. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982(NATIONAL) = - 1.9
i. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982(MASSACHUSETTS) = -11.4

2. FORCIBLE RAPE

a. % OF TOTAL CRIME INDEX(MASSACHUSETTS) = .65
b. % OF TOTAL VIOLENT CRIME(MASSACHUSETTS) = 5.4
c. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(NATIONAL) - 1986 = .38
d. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(MASSAHCUSETTS) - 1986 = .29
e. RISK FACTOR(NATIONAL) - 1986

1 in 2,666 INHABITANTS

f. RISK FACTOR(MASSAHCUSETTS) - 1986

1 in 3,500 INHABITANTS
1 in 1,816 FEMALES

g. CRIME TREND - FROM PREVIOUS YEAR(MASSACHUSETTS) 85-86 = - .7
h. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982(NATIONAL) = +16.3
i. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982(MASSACHUSETTS) = +19.4

3. ROBBERY

a. % OF TOTAL CRIME INDEX(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 4.3
b. % OF TOTAL VIOLENT CRIME(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 35.2
c. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(NATIONAL) - 1986 = 2.3
d. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 1.9
e. RISK FACTOR(NATIONAL) -1986

1 in 444 INHABITANTS

f. RISK FACTOR(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986

1 in 532 INHABITANTS

g. CRIME TREND - FROM PREVIOUS YEAR(MASSACHUSETTS) 85-86 = + 1.0
h. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982(NATIONAL) = + 1.1
i. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982(MASSACHUSETTS) = - 9.7

4. AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

a. % OF TOTAL CRIME INDEX(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 7.1
b. % OF TOTAL VIOLENT CRIME(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 58.9
c. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(NATIONAL) - 1986 = 3.5
d. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 3.1
e. RISK FACTOR (NATIONAL) - 1986

1 in 289 INHABITANTS

f. RISK FACTOR (MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986

1 in 318 INHABITANTS

g. CRIME TREND - FROM PREVIOUS YEAR(MASSACHUSETTS) 85-86 = + 4.0
h. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982(NATIONAL) = +28.3
i COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982(MASSACHUSETTS) = + 1.8

5. BURGLARY

a. % OF TOTAL CRIME INDEX(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 22.5
b. % OF TOTAL PROPERTY CRIME(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 25.6
c. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(NATIONAL) - 1986 = 13.4
d. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 19.9
e. RISK FACTOR (NATIONAL) - 1986

1 in 74 INHABITANTS

f. RISK FACTOR (MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986

1 in 101 INHABITANTS

g. CRIME TREND - FROM PREVIOUS YEAR(MASSACHUSETTS) 85-86 = - 5.2
h. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982 (NATIONAL) = - 5.1
i. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982 (MASSACHUSETTS) = -24.9

6. LARCENY

a. % OF TOTAL CRIME INDEX(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 45.9
b. % OF TOTAL PROPERTY CRIME(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 52.2
c. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(NATIONAL) - 1986 = 30.1
d. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 20.2
e. RISK FACTOR (NATIONAL)

1 in 33 INHABITANTS

f. RISK FACTOR (MASSACHUSETTS)

1 in 50 INHABITANTS

g. CRIME TREND - FROM PREVIOUS YEAR(MASSACHUSETTS) 85-86 = - 2.7
h. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982 (NATIONAL) = + 2.1
i. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982 (MASSACHUSETTS) = -13.8

7. MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

a. % OF TOTAL CRIME INDEX(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 19.5
b. % OF TOTAL PROPERTY CRIME(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 22.2
c. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(NATIONAL) - 1986 = 5.1
d. RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS(MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986 = 8.6
e. RISK FACTOR (NATIONAL) - 1986

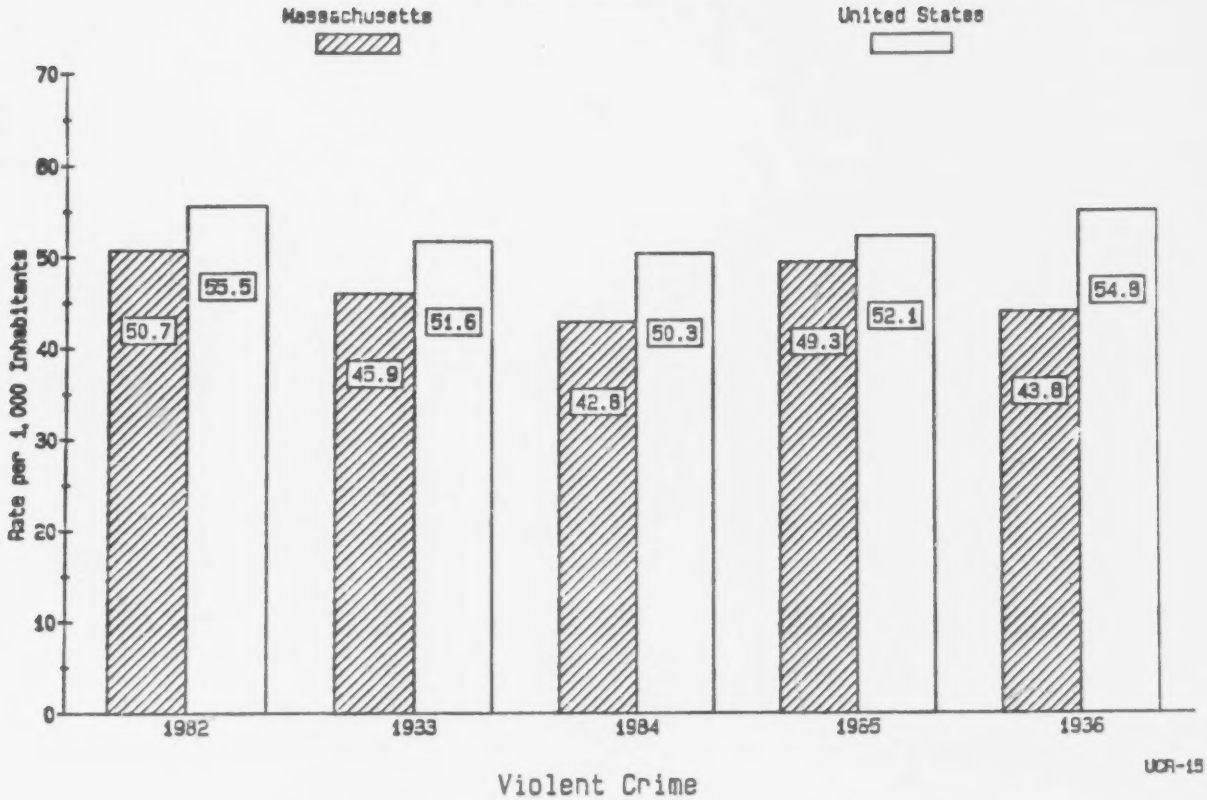
1 in 197 INHABITANTS

f. RISK FACTOR (MASSACHUSETTS) - 1986

1 in 117 INHABITANTS
1 FOR EVERY 88 MOTOR VEHICLES REGISTERED

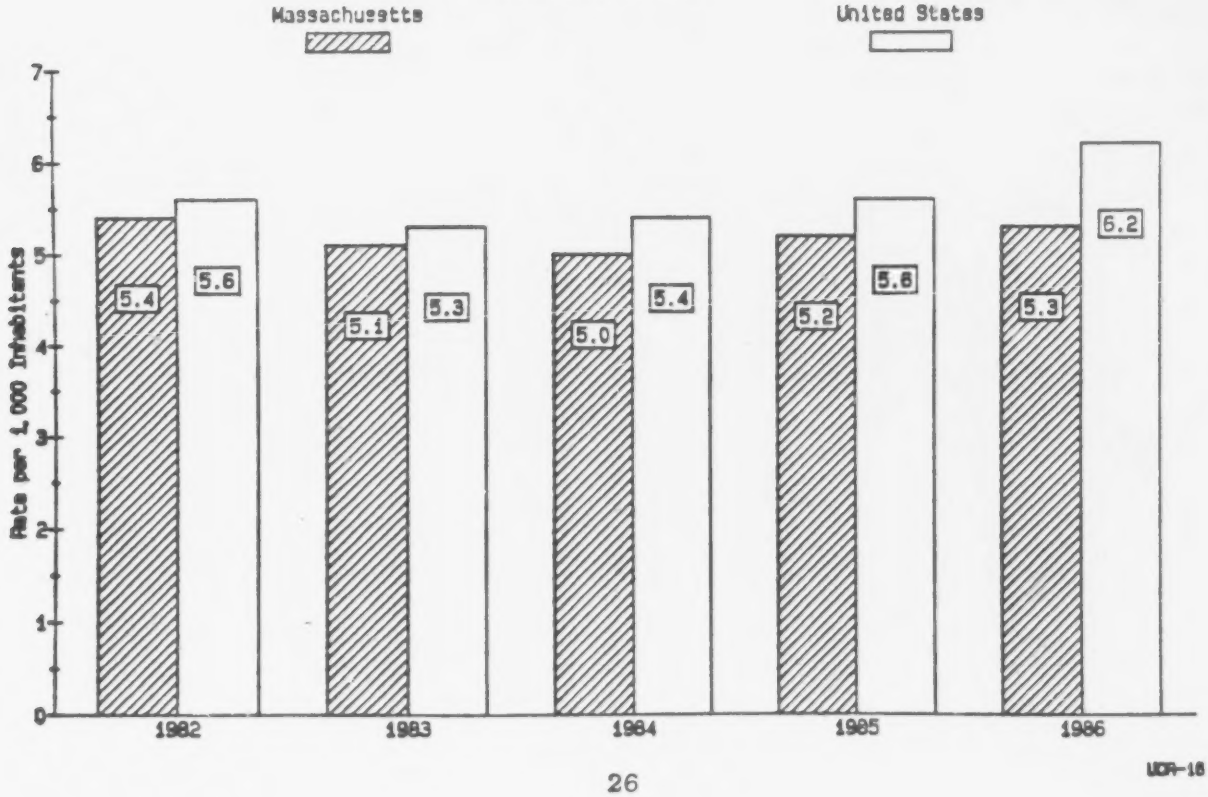
g. CRIME TREND - FROM PREVIOUS YEAR(MASSACHUSETTS) 85-86 = + 4.5
h. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982(NATIONAL) = +16.8
i. COMPARISON - 1986 vs. 1982(MASSACHUSETTS) = - 5.9

Total Crime Index



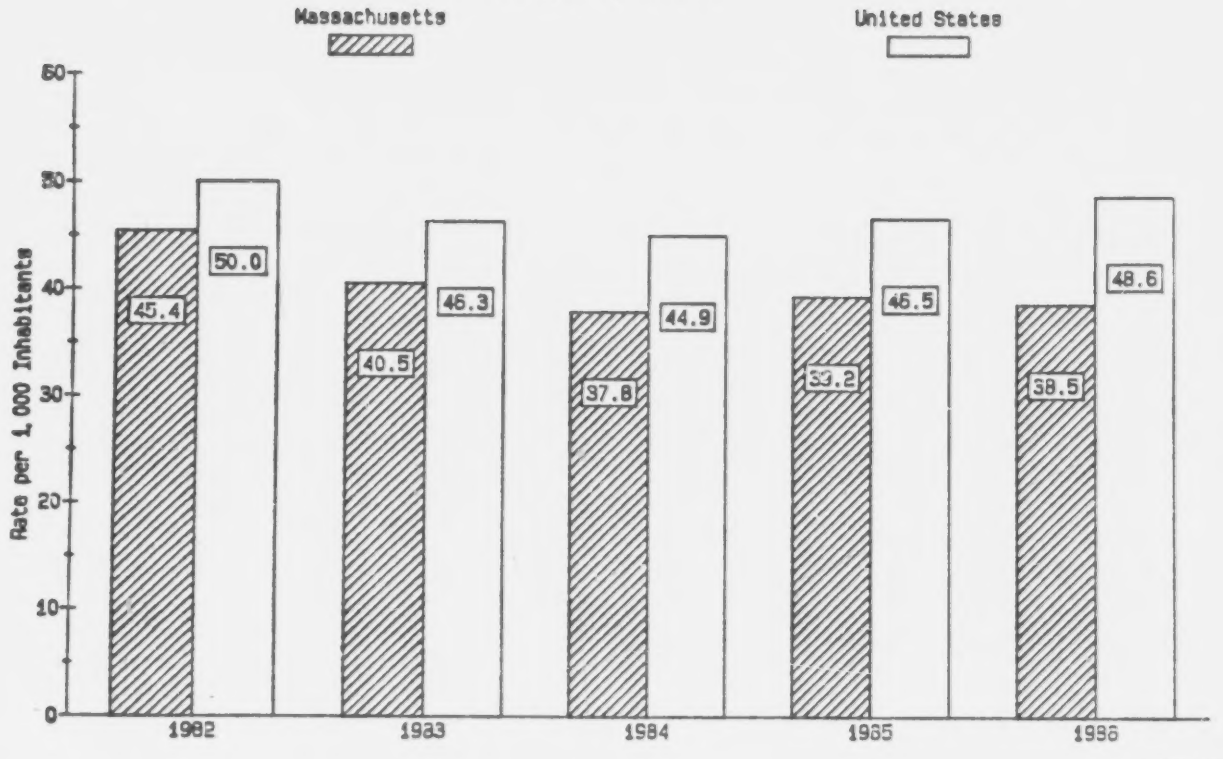
UCR-15

Violent Crime



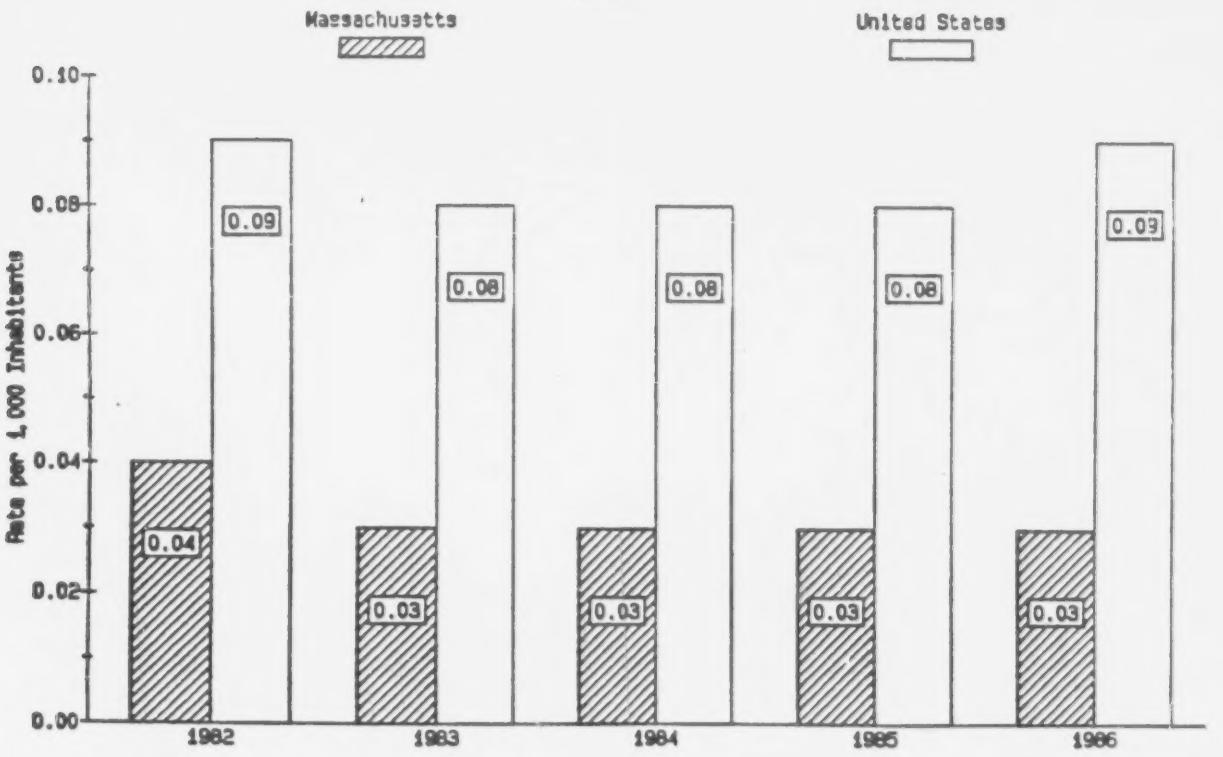
UCR-16

Property Crime



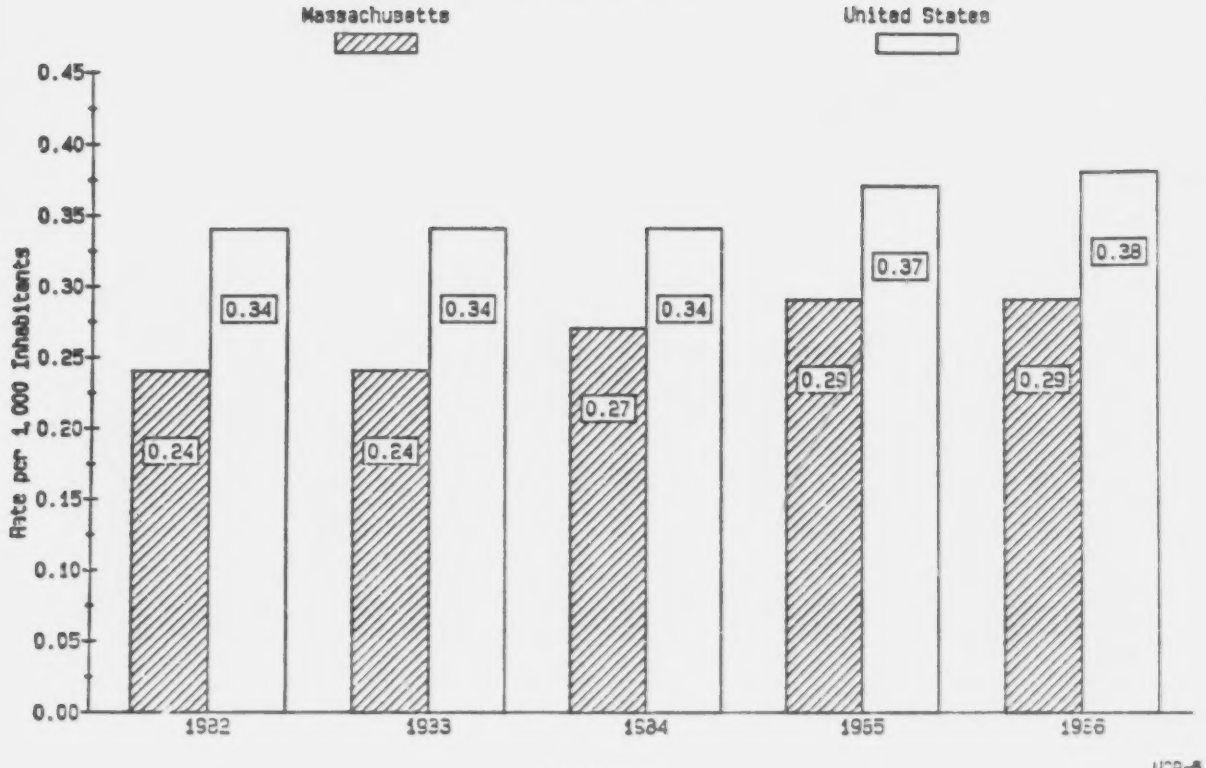
UCR-13

Murder

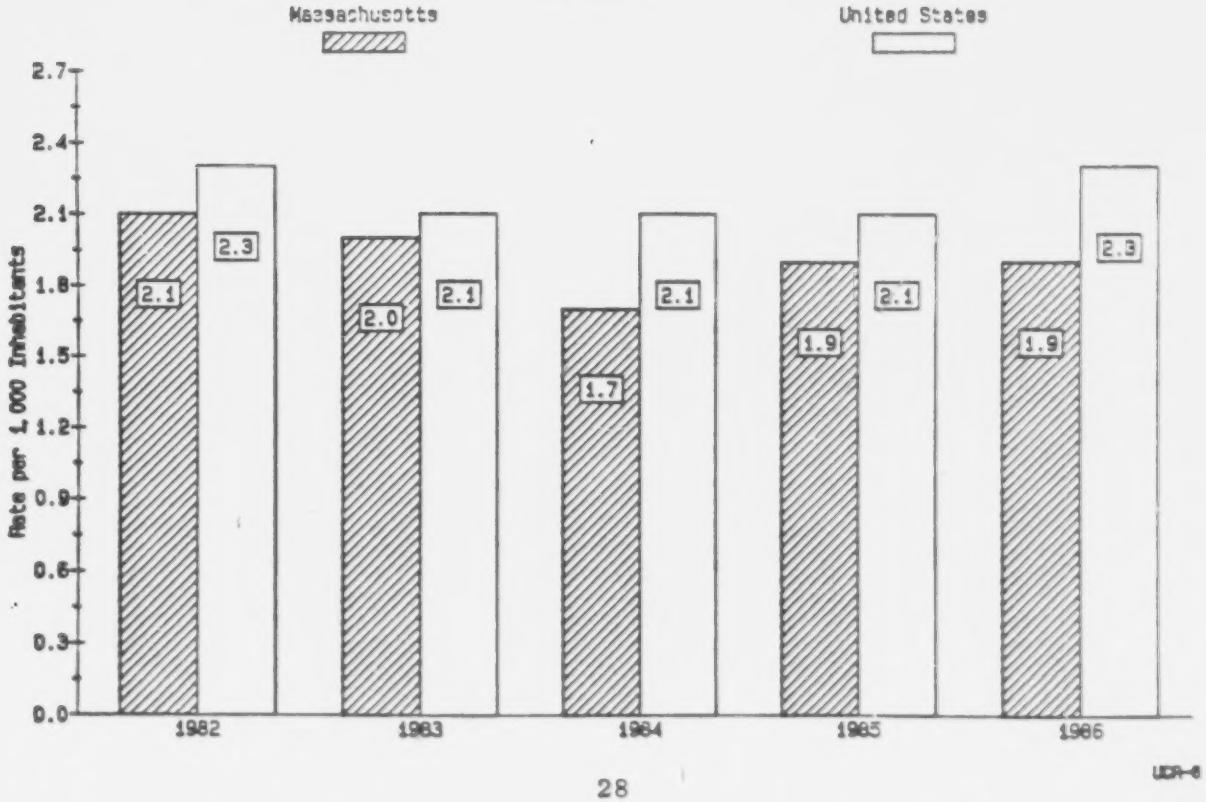


UCR-14

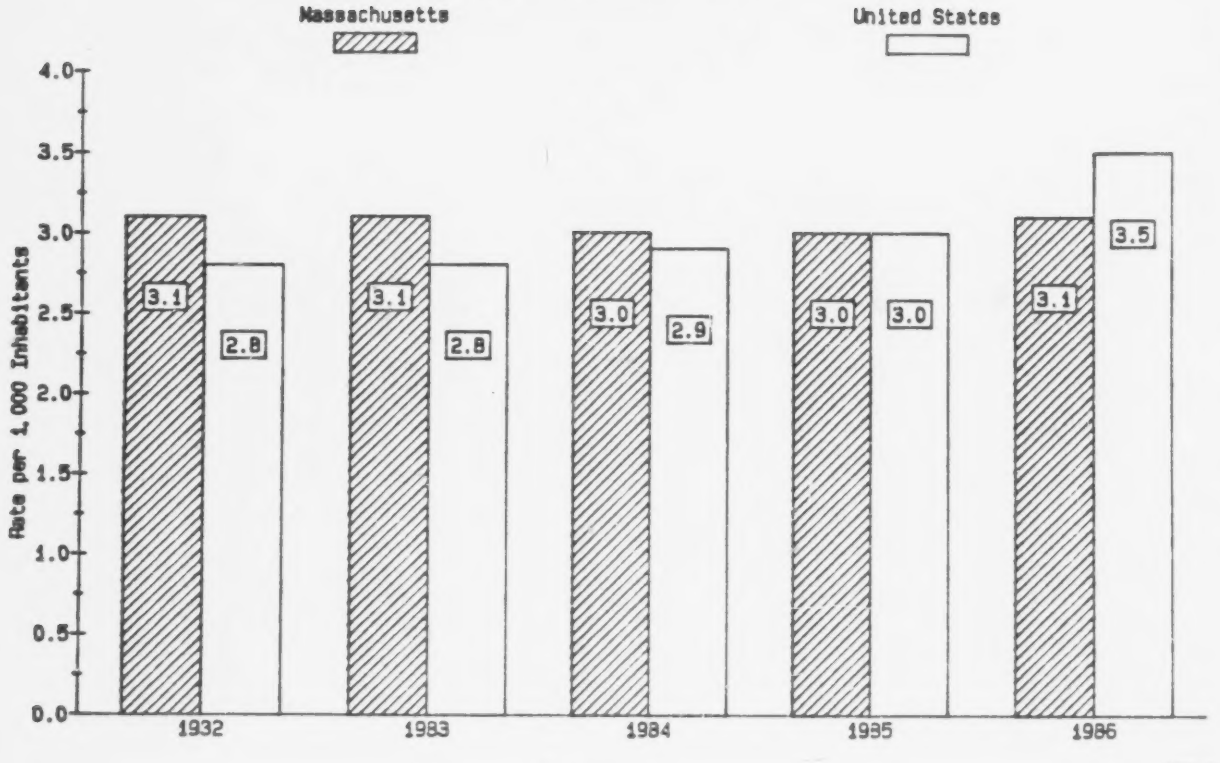
Forcible Rape



Robbery

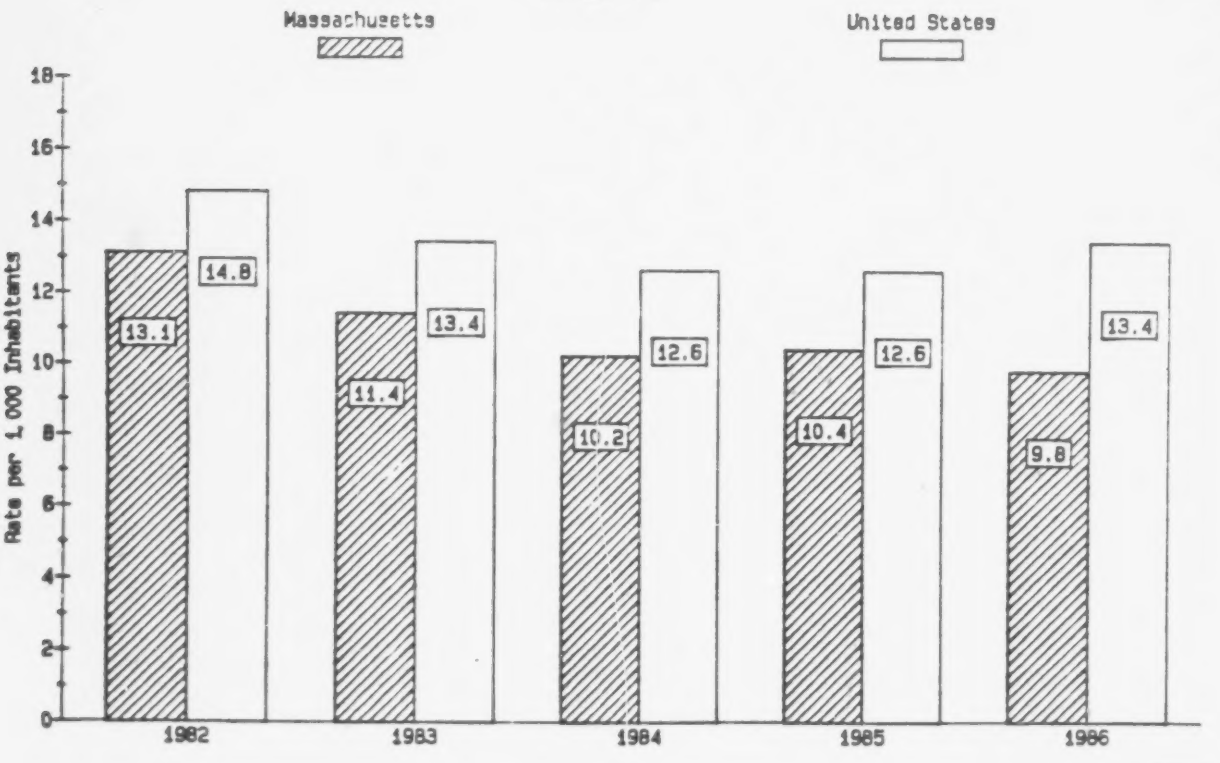


Aggravated Assault



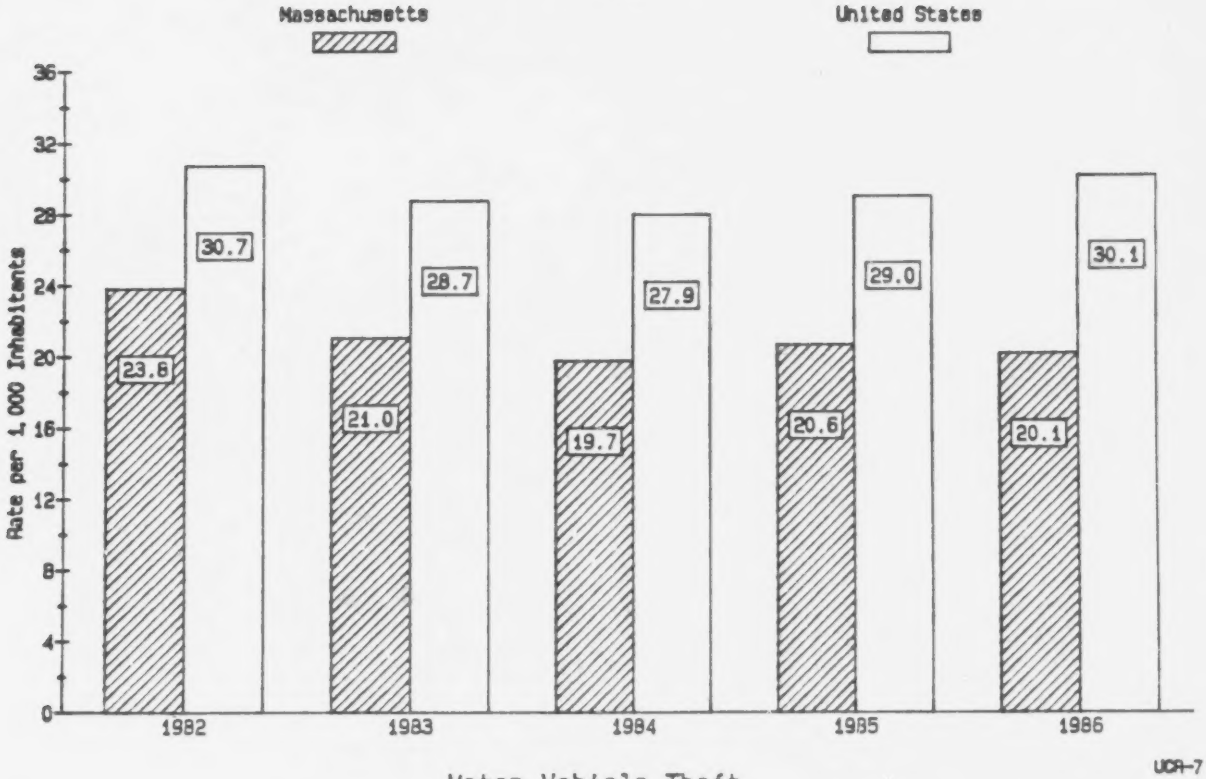
UCR-9

Burglary



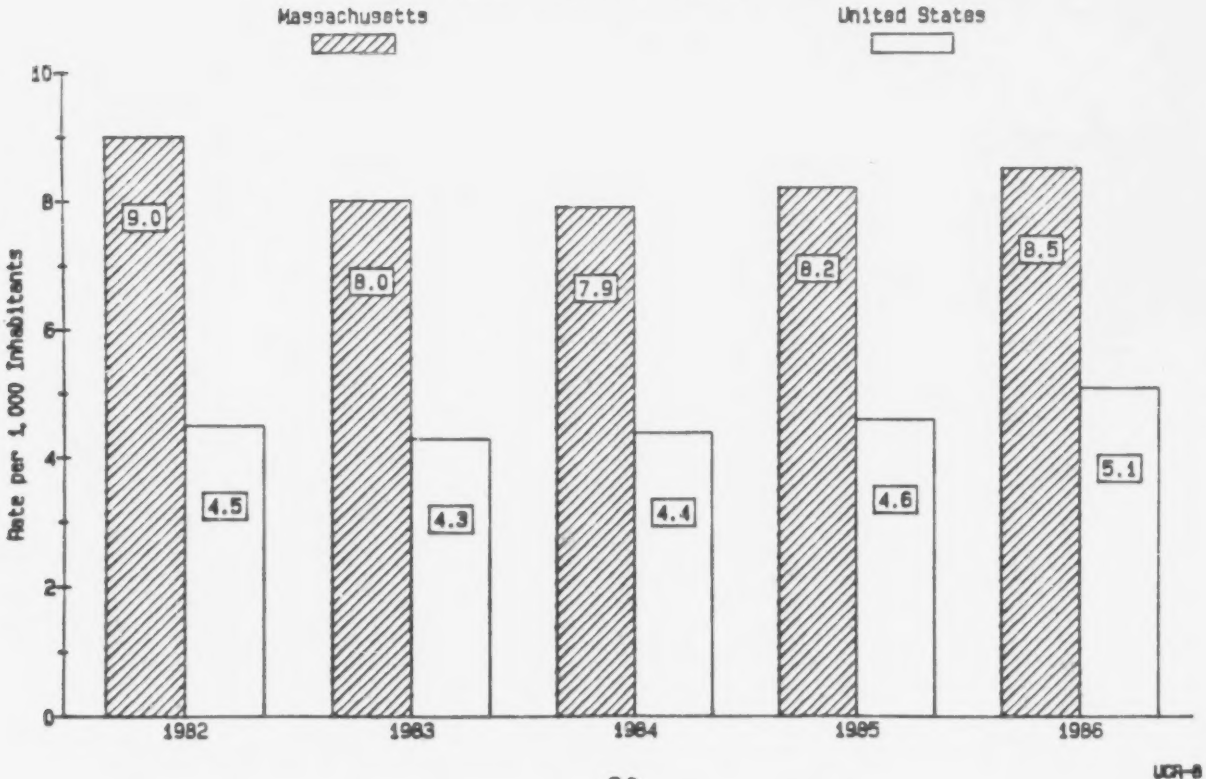
UCR-10

Larceny



UCR-7

Motor Vehicle Theft



UCR-8

UNITED STATES CRIME INDEX: 1982 - 1986

YEAR	U.S. POPULATION	RISK FACTOR		TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPERTY CRIME	MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
1982	231,534,000	1 IN 18	NUMBER	12,857,200	1,285,705	11,571,513	21,012	77,763	536,888	650,042	3,415,540	7,107,663	1,048,310
			RATE per 1,000	55.5	5.6	50.0	.09	.34	2.3	2.8	14.8	30.7	4.5
1983	233,981,000	1 IN 19	NUMBER	12,108,600	1,258,090	10,850,500	19,310	78,920	506,570	653,290	3,129,900	6,712,800	1,007,900
			RATE per 1,000	51.8	5.4	46.4	.08	.34	2.2	2.8	13.4	28.7	4.3
1984	236,158,000	1 IN 20	NUMBER	11,881,800	1,273,280	10,608,500	18,690	84,320	485,010	685,350	2,984,400	6,591,900	1,032,200
			RATE per 1,000	50.3	5.4	44.9	.08	.36	2.1	2.9	12.6	27.9	4.4
1985	238,740,000	1 IN 19	NUMBER	12,430,000	1,327,440	11,102,600	18,980	87,340	497,870	723,250	3,073,300	6,926,400	1,102,900
			RATE per 1,000	52.1	5.6	46.5	.08	.37	2.1	3.0	12.9	29.0	4.6
1986	241,077,000	1 IN 18	NUMBER	13,210,844	1,488,144	11,722,700	20,613	90,434	542,775	834,322	3,241,410	7,257,153	1,224,137
			RATE per 1,000	54.8	6.2	48.6	.09	.38	2.3	3.5	13.4	30.1	5.1

MASSACHUSETTS CRIME INDEX: 1982 - 1986

YEAR	POPULATION	RISK FACTOR		TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPERTY CRIME	MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
1982	5,790,592	1 IN 20	NUMBER	293,828	31,280	262,548	210	1,375	11,953	17,742	75,764	134,470	52,314
			RATE per 1,000	50.7	5.4	45.4	.04	.24	2.1	3.1	13.1	23.2	9.0
1983	5,804,314	1 IN 22	NUMBER	266,332	31,458	234,874	193	1,401	11,616	18,249	66,410	122,083	46,381
			RATE per 1,000	45.9	5.4	40.5	.03	.24	2.0	3.1	11.4	21.0	8.0
1984	5,803,428	1 IN 23	NUMBER	248,433	29,052	219,411	198	1,546	9,844	17,467	59,291	118,647	46,070
			RATE per 1,000	42.8	5.0	37.8	.03	.27	1.7	3.0	10.2	19.7	7.9
1985	5,750,688	1 IN 23	NUMBER	254,903	29,699	225,204	190	1,646	10,646	17,217	59,576	118,647	46,981
			RATE per 1,000	44.3	5.2	39.2	.03	.29	1.9	3.0	10.4	20.6	8.2
1986	5,746,441	1 IN 23	NUMBER	252,688	30,684	222,004	186	1,642	10,794	18,062	56,886	115,891	49,227
			RATE per 1,000	44.0	5.3	38.6	.03	.29	1.9	3.1	9.9	20.2	8.6

ARSON

The Massachusetts Uniform Crime Reporting Program has been collecting arson statistics since 1979 when the United States Congress enacted legislation mandating that arson be classified as a PART I Crime Index Offense. Nationally, the Uniform Crime Reporting Program established liaison with law enforcement, fire services, and insurance agencies and designed a form which would collect meaningful information for all concerned. The State Program in Massachusetts established similar liaison with the State Fire Marshal's Office in order to coordinate the submission of data to the Massachusetts Uniform Crime Reporting Unit.

In 1982, the FBI was congressionally mandated to develop, prepare, and publish, in cooperation with the National Fire Data Center, a special statistical report regarding the crime of arson. In January, 1987, in order to fulfill this mandate, a Special Arson Reporting System was initiated to augment UCR's collection of arson as a Crime Index Offense. This incident based system is geared mainly toward fire fighting agencies but is referred to police departments or sheriff's offices if investigative powers are lacking. Reporting supplies have been distributed to Fire Marshals or directly to fire fighting agencies and data submission is underway. Preliminary indications of participation are favorable.

1986 STATISTICS

2,246 arson crimes were reported to the Uniform Crime Reporting Unit during 1986. This represents a trend decrease of 10.3% over 1985.

Arson of mobile property(motor vehicles, trailers, boats, etc.) accounted for 1,312 or 58.4% of the arson reported; structural fires accounted for 722 or 32.1%; and the "all other" category(crops, timber, fences, signs, etc.) accounted for the remaining 212 or 9.4%.

The total reported property loss from arson fires was $26,204,752 of which $20,538,023 was structural; $5,527,159 was mobile; and $139,570 was in the "all other" category.

Massachusetts law enforcement agencies cleared 10.3% of the arsons reported. This information was compiled from reports submitted by 272 or 96.5% of our contributors.

ARSON OFFENSES KNOWN TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1986

1 PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION		2 Offenses Reported or Known to Police (Include Unfounded and Attempts)	3 Unfounded, i.e. False or Baseless Complaints	4 Number of Actual Offenses (Column 2 Minus Column 3 Include Attempts)	5 Total Offenses Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means (Include Column 6)	6 Number of Clearances Involving Only Persons Under 18 Years of Age	7 Offenses Where Structures Uninhabited Abandoned, or not Normally in Use	8 Estimated Value of Property Damage
STRUCTURAL	A. Single Occupancy Residential: Houses, Townhouses, Duplexes, etc.	207	4	203	49	15	22	$ 3,704,498
	B. Other Residential: Apartments, Tenements, Flats, Hotels, Motels, Inns, Dormitories, Boarding Houses, etc.	195	3	192	56	6	16	$ 2,679,483
	C. Storage: Barns, Garages, Warehouses, etc.	86	1	85	13	7	13	$ 881,459
	D. Industrial/Manufacturing	26	1	25	6	1	1	$ 510,700
	E. Other Commercial: Stores, Restaurants, Offices, etc.	83		83	10	2	7	$ 7,900,738
	F. Community/Public: Churches, Jails, Schools, Colleges, Hospitals, etc.	70		70	30	14	3	$ 3,770,040
	G. All Other Structures: Out Buildings, Monuments, Buildings Under Construction, etc.	64		64	13	5	15	$ 1,091,105
	TOTAL STRUCTURE	731	9	722	177	50	77	$ 20538,023
MOBILE	H. Motor Vehicles: Automobiles, Trucks, Buses, Motorcycles, etc.: UCR Definition	1,292	1	1,291	66	14		$ 5,359,559
	I. Other Mobile Property: Trailers, Recreational Vehicles, Airplanes, Boats, etc.	21		21	3	0		$ 167,600
	TOTAL MOBILE	1,313	1	1,312	69	14		$ 5,527,159
	J. TOTAL OTHER Crops, Timber, Fences, Signs, etc.	212		212	25	21		$ 139,570
GRAND TOTAL		2,256	10	2,246	271	85	77	$ 26,204,752

M U R D E R

S U M M A R Y

1 9 8 6

M U R D E R - 1 9 8 6 - S U M M A R Y

Definition:
The willful, non-negligent killing of one person by another, excluding attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicide, accidental death and justifiable homicide.

Murder is the most serious offense reported. In 1986, there were 186 murders reported in Massachusetts which represented .6% of all violent crime and .07% of the total index. The greatest number of murders in one month was 26 in May followed by 23 in September. Suffolk County, of which Boston is the main population center accounted for 105 murders, or 56.5% of the total.

The number of murders decreased when compared with 1985 by 2.1%. When comparing 1976 with 1986, murder shows a decrease of 4.1%. The Massachusetts murder rate from 1982 through 1986 has averaged 3.4 murders per 100,000 people. This is appreciable below the national murder rate which averaged 8.4 for the same period.

The risk factor indicates that there was a 2.8% less chance that any Massachusetts resident would become a victim of murder in 1986 than in 1985.

Due to the seriousness of the offense, more detailed information is collected concerning victims, offenders, weapons used and circumstances in which the offense took place, than for any other crime. Murder victims between the ages of 15 and 39 accounted for 69.9% of all murders reported. In Single Victim/Single Offender situations, offenders were male 95.7% of the time, 4.3% were female; 63.4% were white and 36.6% were black and other races.

Handguns were used in 36.6% of the murders and firearms of all kinds in 42.5%. Knives or other cutting instruments accounted for 25.8% of the homicides. Arson was the instrument in 3.2%.

The clearance rate for murder was 65.6%, the highest for any crime.

RISK FACTOR:

1982	1 in 27,574 people
1983	1 in 30,074 people
1984	1 in 29,609 people
1985	1 in 30,267 people
1986	1 in 29,443 people

TREND:

Year	Number of Offenses	Rate per 100M Persons
1982	210	3.6
1983	193	3.3
1984	196	3.4
1985	190	3.3
1986	186	3.2
Percent change 85/86	-2.1%	

MASSACHUSETTS MURDERS BY MONTH:	
MONTH	TOTAL
JANUARY	9
FEBRUARY	16
MARCH	14
APRIL	11
MAY	26
JUNE	11
JULY	16
AUGUST	15
SEPTEMBER	23
OCTOBER	16
NOVEMBER	12
DECEMBER	17
T O T A L	186

RELATIONSHIP BY CIRCUMSTANCES
(Percent Distribution)

TOTAL 186		RELATIVES	FRIENDS NEIGHBORS ACQUAINTANCES	STRANGERS*	TOTAL
	NUMBER	22	72	92	186
	PERCENT	11.8%	38.7%	49.5%	100.0%
FELONY TYPE	#	2	17	15	34
	%	1.1%	9.1%	8.1%	18.3%
SUSPECTED FELONY TYPE	#	0	4	12	16
	%	.0	2.2%	6.5%	8.6%
ROMANTIC TRIANGLE	#	0	6	0	6
	%	.0	3.2%	.0	3.2%
ARGUMENT OVER MONEY OR PROPERTY	#	0	1	1	2
	%	.0	.5%	.5%	1.1%
NARCOTICS(SALE OR POSSESSION)ARGUMENT OVER	#	0	5	3	8
	%	.0	2.7%	1.6%	4.3%
DOMESTIC ARGUMENTS	#	18	7	0	25
	%	9.7%	3.8%	.0%	13.4%
OTHER ARGUMENTS	#	1	29	7	37
	%	.5%	15.6%	3.8%	19.9%
UNABLE TO DETERMINE (No motive established)	#	1	3	54	58
	%	.5%	1.6%	29.0%	31.2%

*=Includes homicides by unknown offenders and in unknown circumstances.

AGE, SEX AND RACE OF MURDER VICTIMS

AGE	NUMBER	PERCENT	SEX		R A C E			
			MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	BLACK	AMER. IND. OR ALASKAN NATIVE	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER
TOTAL PERCENT	186	100.0	130 69.9%	56 30.1%	109 58.6%	75 40.3		2 1.1%
Infant (Under 1)	2	1.1	1	1	2			
1 to 4	2	1.1		2		2		
5 to 9								
10 to 14	2	1.1	1	1	1	1		
15 to 19	18	9.7	13	5	10	8		
20 to 24	33	17.7	22	11	16	17		
25 to 29	27	14.5	19	8	15	11		1
30 to 34	34	18.3	23	11	22	11		1
35 to 39	18	9.7	12	6	9	9		
40 to 44	15	8.1	11	4	10	5		
45 to 49	4	2.2	4		2	2		
50 to 54	10	5.4	10		9	1		
55 to 59	5	2.7	4	1	3	2		
60 to 64	2	1.1	2		1	1		
65 to 69	7	3.8	4	3	3	4		
70 to 74	4	2.2	3	1	3	1		
75 & over	3	1.6	1	2	3			

MURDER VICTIMS - WEAPONS USED, 1986

AGE	NUMBER	HANDGUN	TYPE OF WEAPONS: RIFLE/ SHOTGUN	CUTTING/ STABBING	BLUNT OBJECT	PERSONAL WEAPONS	ARSON	STRANGU-LATION	OTHER WEAPONS OR NOT STATED
TOTAL	186	68	11	48	21	11	6	13	8
Infant (Under 1)	2								2
1 to 4	2				1			1	
5 to 9									
10 to 14	2	1			1				
15 to 19	19	8		5		1		4	1
20 to 24	33	16	1	9	2	2		2	1
25 to 29	27	12	1	7	5	1	1		
30 to 34	34	13	2	12	2		1	2	2
35 to 39	18	5	1	4	3	1	2	1	1
40 to 44	15	4	3	3	3	1		1	
45 to 49	4	2		2					
50 to 54	10	1	1	2	2	2	2		
55 to 59	5	3		1		1			
60 to 64	2			1		1			
65 to 69	6	3			2			1	
70 to 74	4		1	2					1
75 & over	3		1			1		1	

VICTIM	TOTAL	OFFENDER				
		SEX		RACE		
		MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	BLACK	OTHER
SEX:						
MALE...	58	54	4	30	27	1
FEMALE...	35	35		29	6	
RACE:						
WHITE...	60	60	0	54	5	1
BLACK...	33	29	4	5	28	
OTHER...	0					
	93	89	4	59	33	1

SINGLE VICTIM/OFFENDER BY SEX AND RACE

REPORTED INDEX OFFENSES BY AGENCY

National Crime Rate Averages (1986): (Rate per 1,000 Inhabitants)

*Crime Index Total:	54.8
*Violent Crime:	6.2
*Property Crime:	48.6

UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED, ALL CRIME RATES ARE CALCULATED PER 1,000 INHABITANTS

Comparative Notes:

*a. National Clearance Rate (1986) = 21.0% of all index crimes.

b. Massachusetts Clearance Rate (1986) = 17.0% of all index crimes.

*Based on information obtained from Crime in the U. S., 1986 Federal Bureau of Investigation, UCR Section.

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
GROUP I 250,000 & OVER						
BOSTON	601,095	114.8	13.9	69,007	12,395	56,612
GROUP I TOTAL			13.9	69,007	12,395	56,612
CRIME RATE PER 1,000				112.7	20.6	94.2
GROUP 2 100,000-250,000						
SPRINGFIELD	158,763	53.3	38.0	8,459	1,840	6,619
WORCESTER	164,651	70.8	19.6	11,662	1,794	9,868
GROUP 2 TOTAL	323,418	62.2	28.8	20,121	3,634	16,487
CRIME RATE PER 1,000				62.2	11.2	51.0
GROUP 3 50,000-100,000						
BROCKTON	97,429	92.4	13.2	9,000	938	8,062
BROOKLINE	58,152	46.4	16.2	2,700	242	2,458
CAMBRIDGE	86,865	74.1	10.6	6,441	740	5,701
CHICOPEE	53,325	39.5	21.5	2,108	209	1,899
FALL RIVER	89,626	70.9	17.6	6,355	595	5,760
FRAMINGHAM	61,241	42.1	27.9	2,581	201	2,380
LOWELL +	95,339	NA	NA	6,408	1,083	5,325
LYNN	78,463	81.4	11.2	6,389	457	5,932
MALDEN	52,474	44.8	12.0	2,350	423	1,927
MEDFORD	57,184	28.3	14.2	1,620	254	1,366
NEW BEDFORD	96,533	61.3	19.1	5,921	790	5,131

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
105	516	6,225	5,549	10,485	26,553	19,574
105	516	6,225	5,549	10,485	26,553	19,574
.17	.86	10.4	9.2	17.4	44.2	32.6
6	155	532	1,147	2,730	2,811	1,078
4	82	550	1,158	2,942	5,817	1,109
10	237	1,082	2,305	5,672	8,628	2,187
.03	.73	3.3	7.1	17.5	26.7	6.8
4	59	366	509	2,470	3,299	2,293
1	13	102	126	581	1,412	465
4	31	401	304	1,419	3,033	1,249
0	24	28	157	598	1,055	246
4	40	147	404	1,854	2,819	1,087
1	17	25	158	544	1,499	337
0	51	186	846	1,371	2,646	1,308
1	23	248	185	1,934	2,669	1,329
2	13	51	357	527	834	566
0	3	42	209	418	438	510
2	25	208	555	1,634	2,537	960

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
NEWTON	82,925	27.5	11.1	2,280	188	2,092
QUINCY	88,122	39.2	33.7	3,455	353	3,102
SOMERVILLE	71,134	43.4	12.9	3,085	292	2,793
WALTHAM	57,955	39.0	10.4	2,259	96	2,163
WEYMOUTH	53,735	24.8	12.8	1,335	47	1,288
GROUP 3 TOTAL	1,181,835	54.4	Average 16.0	64,287	6,908	57,379
CRIME RATE PER 1,000				54.4	5.8	48.6
GROUP 4 25,000-50,000						
AGAWAM	24,612	29.6	17.9	728	33	695
AMHERST	35,827	21.7	18.0	778	43	735
ANDOVER	27,154	33.7	13.3	914	17	897
ARLINGTON	46,465	19.3	10.6	898	43	855
ATTLEBORO +	32.233	NA	NA	1,104	126	978
BARNSTABLE	32,891	109.7	19.9	3,607	418	3,189
BELMONT	26,178	14.5	8.4	380	20	360
BEVERLY +	35,532	NA	NA	1,212	79	1,133
BILLERICA +	36,687	NA	NA	704	112	592
BRAINTREE +	35,189	NA	NA	1,934	108	1,826
CHELMSFORD	30,684	22.7	16.7	696	29	667
EVERETT	35,773	38.4	16.9	1,375	108	1,267
FALMOUTH	25,974	55.4	17.7	1,440	47	1,393
FITCHBURG	39,576	36.8	19.7	1,456	117	1,339
HAVERHILL	46,172	76.9	15.4	3,549	409	3,140

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	5	36	147	601	1,159	332
2	40	66	245	666	1,846	590
5	10	131	146	536	1,265	992
0	13	23	60	687	1,237	239
2	4	11	30	407	616	265
28	371	2,071	4,438	16,247	28,364	12,768
.02	.31	1.8	3.8	13.7	24.0	10.8
1	3	12	17	123	506	66
0	5	6	32	159	533	43
0	2	0	15	218	542	137
1	1	18	23	299	403	153
0	0	20	106	414	414	150
3	13	28	374	987	1,962	240
0	3	5	12	97	230	33
0	7	12	60	379	601	153
0	0	22	90	146	336	110
1	12	20	75	264	881	681
0	3	9	17	96	452	119
1	3	17	87	199	644	424
0	4	8	35	535	737	121
1	12	28	76	360	874	105
3	7	49	350	982	1,135	1,023

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
LEOMINSTER	31,113	40.6	25.0	1,262	144	1,118
LEXINGTON	29,224	15.4	15.3	450	9	441
MARLBORO	34,294	12.2	15.5	419	15	404
MELROSE	28,774	20.4	14.8	587	13	574
METHUEN	36,624	51.3	17.7	1,878	106	1,772
MILTON	25,589	23.8	7.6	608	51	557
NATICK	30,280	23.4	35.1	710	28	682
NEEDHAM	27,870	18.3	14.9	511	10	501
NORTHAMPTON	28,042	45.8	21.4	1,284	92	1,192
NORWOOD	28,551	15.3	22.6	438	30	408
PEABODY	45,766	46.7	9.8	2,138	112	2,026
PITTSFIELD	48,876	36.0	25.7	1,758	194	1,564
TAUNTON	42,001	39.0	20.2	1,640	131	1,509
WATERTOWN	32,189	43.2	24.0	1,389	136	1,253
WELLESLEY	27,052	18.3	15.9	496	10	486
W. SPRINGFIELD	25,289	79.2	24.7	2,004	135	1,869
WESTFIELD	34,717	28.4	20.8	985	27	958
WOBURN	84,793	34.9	16.7	1.215	110	1,105
GROUP 4 TOTAL	1,069,758	37.9	Average 18.1	40,547	3,062	37,485
CRIME RATE PER 1,000				37.9	2.9	35.0
GROUP 5 10,000--25,000						
ACTON	17,431	19.8	18.8	345	17	328
AMESBURY	13,923	21.5	34.4	299	24	275

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	5	24	115	332	682	104
0	1	4	4	164	248	29
1	6	6	2	96	242	66
0	5	2	6	142	355	77
0	23	21	62	258	849	665
0	4	16	31	194	254	109
0	6	11	11	147	407	128
1	0	4	5	98	368	35
0	4	13	75	301	814	77
0	1	7	22	81	206	121
0	8	27	77	553	1,156	317
1	39	33	121	647	753	164
2	11	26	92	500	786	223
0	7	21	108	233	778	242
0	1	1	8	82	377	27
0	12	22	101	389	1,277	203
0	6	5	16	241	629	88
0	2	16	92	240	503	362
16	216	513	2,317	9,956	20,934	6,595
.01	.20	.48	2.2	9.3	19.6	6.2
0	1	1	15	81	215	32
0	11	2	11	111	119	45

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
ASHLAND +	10,531	NA	NA	178	0	178
ATHOL	10,321	15.3	47.5	158	15	143
AUBURN	14,719	35.5	11.7	522	14	508
BEDFORD	11,709	23.9	15.7	280	30	250
BELLINGHAM	13,677	21.7	23.9	297	17	280
BOURNE	15,636	53.0	15.4	829	59	770
BRIDGEWATER	18,837	13.1	22.8	246	33	213
CANTON	17,550	28.7	13.3	503	34	469
CHELSEA +	23,432	NA	NA	1,949	260	1,689
CLINTON +	12,689	NA	NA	237	17	220
DANVERS +	24,224	NA	NA	1,630	35	1,595
DARTMOUTH	24,843	62.0	14.7	1,541	34	1,507
DEDHAM	23,730	53.7	13.4	1,274	16	1,258
DENNIS	12,709	64.2	14.8	816	34	782
DRACUT	22,200	27.6	39.3	613	33	580
DUXBURY	13,248	14.3	8.4	190	3	187
E. LONGMEADOW	12,403	41.3	16.0	512	26	486
EASTHAMPTON	15,353	8.6	31.8	132	8	124
EASTON	18,079	17.9	7.1	323	17	306
FOXBORO	14,522	17.8	16.2	259	15	244
FRANKLIN	17,865	31.7	18.2	567	57	510
GARDNER	17,921	21.5	34.7	386	32	354
GLOUCESTER	24,946	23.4	30.7	583	61	522
GRAFTON	11,239	15.6	25.1	175	13	162
HINGHAM	20,648	28.2	10.1	583	8	575

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	0	0	0	44	125	9
0	2	1	12	67	62	14
0	0	10	4	131	317	60
0	2	1	27	69	147	34
0	0	1	16	99	155	26
0	8	10	41	254	476	40
0	1	2	30	74	113	26
1	2	7	24	109	262	98
2	9	69	180	405	504	780
1	0	4	12	56	128	36
0	5	13	17	234	1,050	311
0	0	16	18	389	722	396
0	0	13	3	174	542	542
1	0	4	29	371	373	38
0	0	2	31	172	251	157
0	1	0	2	70	106	11
0	1	5	20	151	312	23
1	1	3	3	63	40	21
0	2	5	10	112	143	51
0	0	2	13	80	134	30
0	3	2	52	135	330	45
0	4	9	19	138	154	62
1	7	6	47	206	237	79
0	2	3	8	56	82	24
0	0	3	5	123	411	41

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
HOLDEN	13,187	8.6	16.7	114	6	108
HOLLISTON	12,606	8.6	12.0	108	2	106
HUDSON	17,251	19.4	16.7	335	51	284
IPSWICH	11,368	34.9	28.2	397	44	353
LONGMEADOW	15,971	25.0	5.8	400	5	395
LUDLOW	16,607	29.7	15.2	494	45	449
LYNNFIELD	11,135	21.5	6.7	239	9	230
MANSFIELD	14,449	32.4	12.6	468	54	414
MARBLEHEAD	19,403	16.5	6.5	321	1	320
MARSHFIELD	22,295	31.0	14.9	692	32	660
MEDFIELD	10,330	21.9	11.5	226	5	221
MIDDLEBORO	16,066	33.8	19.0	543	74	469
MILFORD	24,038	15.3	12.3	367	28	339
MILBURY	11,486	9.2	37.7	106	13	93
NEWBURYPORT	15,635	33.3	8.8	520	28	492
NORTH ADAMS	16,356	44.0	41.9	719	132	587
NORTH ANDOVER	19,711	18.8	28.0	371	13	358
NORTH ATTLEBORO+	22,200	NA	NA	962	62	900
NORTHBORO	10,887	22.4	15.2	244	8	236
NORTHBRIDGE	12,342	15.8	47.2	195	21	174
NORTON	12,931	24.0	33.5	310	68	242
OXFORD	11.403	24.1	12.7	275	13	262
PALMER +	11,327	NA	NA	93	3	90
PEMBROKE	13,519	32.4	13.7	438	30	408
READING	21,993	13.1	14.5	289	9	280

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	1	0	5	24	84	0
0	2	0	0	34	68	4
1	6	2	42	117	127	40
0	2	4	38	96	220	37
1	0	2	2	49	334	12
0	3	2	40	157	269	23
2	1	1	5	85	94	51
0	2	4	48	83	258	73
0	0	1	0	91	206	23
0	3	1	28	153	430	77
1	0	1	3	42	167	12
1	7	2	64	114	281	74
0	6	3	19	113	159	67
2	2	0	9	49	39	5
0	5	5	18	103	310	79
0	14	5	113	159	392	36
0	0	3	10	48	205	105
0	5	2	55	276	535	89
0	1	2	5	59	169	13
0	1	0	20	64	95	15
1	7	0	60	74	145	23
0	2	2	9	103	130	29
0	3	0	0	36	39	15
0	2	7	21	121	234	53
1	1	3	4	96	129	55

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
SANDWICH	11,589	31.8	44.0	368	26	342
SAUGUS	24,628	78.4	18.6	1,932	102	1,830
SCITUATE	17,287	17.5	18.2	303	26	277
SEEKONK	12,271	75.8	23.1	930	10	920
SHARON	14,581	20.0	13.4	291	17	274
SHREWSBURY	22,181	31.4	10.8	697	86	611
SOUTH HADLEY	15,607	19.1	20.8	298	35	263
SOUTHBRIDGE	16,501	16.6	39.1	274	35	239
SPENCER	10,773	14.6	.0	157	0	157
STONEHAM	21,836	19.6	18.9	429	16	413
STOUGHTON	24,156	22.3	29.5	539	34	505
SUDBURY	13,736	15.4	18.4	212	4	208
SWAMPSCOTT	13,524	28.4	23.2	384	52	332
SWANSEA	14,747	55.1	33.2	813	57	756
WALPOLE	18,092	28.0	22.7	507	48	459
WAREHAM	16,308	75.8	47.3	1,236	84	1,152
WAYLAND +	11,432	NA	NA	192	6	186
WEBSTER	13,985	18.0	34.9	252	39	213
WESTBORO	13,549	35.4	25.4	480	20	460
WESTFORD	15,051	30.0	25.9	452	14	438
WESTON	10,743	16.8	13.9	180	4	176
WESTPORT	13,362	48.3	20.6	647	56	590
WESTWOOD	13,174	20.0	12.6	263	11	252
WILBRAHAM	11.958	24,6	16.7	294	15	279
WILMINGTON	17,704	20.1	13.2	355	10	345

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
1	2	2	21	108	219	15
1	4	14	83	289	998	543
1	0	0	26	125	125	27
0	0	10	0	162	547	211
0	3	2	12	88	157	29
1	1	6	78	161	387	63
0	2	8	25	77	156	30
0	3	12	20	131	70	38
0	0	0	0	53	94	10
0	1	8	7	101	163	149
1	2	6	25	105	280	120
0	1	0	3	45	149	14
0	2	3	47	100	191	41
0	0	4	53	129	295	332
0	0	0	6	75	108	3
0	3	5	40	81	281	97
0	5	9	70	336	712	104
1	6	4	28	119	79	15
0	0	7	13	92	313	55
0	3	3	8	115	296	27
0	0	0	4	52	120	4
1	3	2	50	201	311	78
0	1	2	8	63	154	35
0	2	3	10	54	214	11
0	1	3	6	68	185	92

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
WINCHESTER	20,763	16.8	8.6	348	13	325
WINTHROP	18,141	8.7	8.3	157	2	155
YARMOUTH +	18,348	NA	NA	1,172	128	1,044
GROUP 5 TOTAL	1,262,148	30.5	20.5	38,814	2,618	36,196
CRIME RATE PER 1.000				30.5	2.1	28.5
GROUP 6 2,500-10,000						
ACUSHNET	8,772	20.2	22.0	177	3	174
ADAMS	9,611	14.6	23.6	140	13	127
ASHBURNHAM	4,322	17.4	2.7	75	1	74
AVON	4,768	30.2	18.8	144	18	126
AYER	6,014	39.1	15.3	235	35	200
BELCHERTOWN	7,863	14.8	17.2	116	3	113
BLACKSTONE	6,522	29.6	18.7	193	17	176
BOLTON	2,958	25.7	13.2	76	2	74
BOXBORO	3,170	21.5	19.1	68	1	67
BOXFORD	5,565	16.2	11.1	90	2	88
BOYLSTON	3,594	15.0	7.4	54	0	54
BREWSTER	6,574	31.3	18.4	206	6	200
CHARLTON	7,635	11.7	18.0	89	10	79
CHATHAM	6,332	35.1	20.7	222	14	208
CHESHIRE	3,323	2.4	37.5	8	1	7
DALTON	6,676	15.7	19.0	105	1	104
DEERFIELD	4,485	24.1	33.3	108	16	92

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	0	4	9	82	219	34
0	0	1	1	39	68	48
0	4	24	100	460	508	76
23	187	388	2,020	9,831	20,023	6,342
.02	.15	.31	1.6	7.7	15.7	5.0
0	1	0	2	71	93	10
0	3	0	10	37	84	6
0	0	0	1	47	24	3
0	3	0	15	28	67	31
0	8	7	20	85	95	20
0	1	0	2	45	60	8
0	2	2	13	37	116	23
0	0	0	2	29	40	5
0	0	0	1	25	36	6
0	0	0	2	44	40	4
0	0	0	0	28	25	1
0	0	0	6	62	128	10
0	3	1	6	43	26	10
0	2	1	11	29	174	5
0	0	0	1	4	3	0
0	0	0	1	24	75	5
0	3	2	11	14	74	4

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
DIGHTON	5,028	18.9	11.6	95	5	90
DOUGLAS	4,077	17.9	17.8	73	3	70
DOVER	4,581	18.1	4.8	83	5	78
DUDLEY	8,592	9.2	13.9	79	3	76
E. BRIDGEWATER+	9,782	NA	NA	136	20	116
EASTHAM	3,870	58.4	19.5	226	23	203
EDGARTOWN	2,617	125.0	27.5	327	12	315
ESSEX	2,971	14.8	18.2	44	3	41
FREETOWN	7,575	36.0	26.0	273	25	248
GEORGETOWN	5,884	7.0	7.3	41	0	41
GRANBY	5,076	13.4	30.9	68	5	63
GT. BARRINGTON	6,796	23.5	38.1	160	15	145
HADLEY	4,056	47.6	29.0	193	10	183
HAMPDEN	4,644	18.5	16.3	86	5	81
HANSON	8,316	13.1	23.9	109	16	93
HARVARD	4,815	8.9	23.3	43	2	41
HARWICH	9,050	33.9	12.7	307	23	284
HATFIELD	3,098	13.6	31.0	42	0	42
HOPEDALE +	4,233	NA	NA	53	5	48
HOPKINTON	7,711	16.2	12.8	125	6	119
HULL	9,791	29.4	17.0	288	25	263
LAKEVILLE	6,467	22.6	36.3	146	12	134
LEE	5,865	29.0	19.4	170	7	163
LEICESTER	9,320	16.7	18.6	156	14	142
LITTLETON	6,984	11.5	21.3	80	6	74

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	0	1	4	45	37	8
0	2	0	1	39	30	1
0	0	0	5	29	46	3
0	0	1	2	38	32	6
0	0	0	20	64	44	8
0	0	0	23	53	142	8
0	1	1	10	86	210	19
0	0	0	3	10	29	2
0	0	3	22	120	98	30
0	0	0	0	13	27	1
0	0	1	4	31	31	1
0	1	3	11	42	95	8
1	0	1	8	26	129	28
0	1	0	4	22	54	5
0	0	3	13	34	39	20
0	1	0	1	26	13	2
0	1	0	22	94	183	7
0	0	0	0	17	24	1
0	0	0	5	29	12	7
0	1	0	5	47	67	5
0	1	1	23	97	141	22
0	0	0	12	62	65	7
0	0	0	7	43	114	6
0	2	2	10	47	89	6
0	3	1	2	25	43	6

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
LUNENBERG	8,185	24.2	16.7	198	6	192
MANCHESTER	5,472	20.8	5.3	114	0	114
MARION	3,851	39.5	19.7	152	10	142
MASHPEE	5,070	75.3	3.9	382	29	353
MATTAPOISETT	5,637	34.1	7.8	192	3	189
MAYNARD	9,708	12.7	28.5	123	16	107
MEDWAY	9,037	23.6	20.7	213	17	196
MENDON	3,165	27.5	9.2	87	4	83
MERRIMAC	4,237	32.8	12.2	139	3	136
MILLIS	6,689	11.5	9.1	77	1	76
MONSON	7,249	23.0	19.2	167	7	160
MONTAGUE	7,906	27.3	25.9	216	24	192
NAHANT	4,070	13.3	35.2	54	4	50
NANTUCKET	5,959	69.1	34.7	412	27	385
NEWBURY	5,423	18.8	8.8	102	11	91
NORFOLK	8,210	13.4	17.3	110	4	106
NORTH BROOKFIELD	4,045	9.6	33.3	39	0	39
ORANGE	6,341	31.9	23.3	202	19	183
ORLEANS	5,979	38.6	25.5	231	20	211
PEPPERELL	8,661	19.7	36.3	171	40	131
PLAINVILLE	5,683	22.9	33.1	130	7	123
PROVINCETOWN	3,956	46.0	34.1	182	21	161
RAYNHAM	8,935	56.1	37.5	501	50	451
REHOBOTH	7,674	21.2	8.6	163	2	161
ROCKPORT	6,793	24.3	12.7	165	0	165

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	0	1	5	57	108	27
0	0	0	0	27	81	6
0	0	0	10	34	103	5
0	0	1	28	116	221	16
0	1	0	2	64	123	2
0	1	0	15	26	66	15
1	1	0	15	65	123	8
0	1	0	3	26	47	10
0	1	0	2	57	52	27
0	1	0	0	16	56	4
0	2	0	5	59	89	12
0	1	1	22	51	131	10
1	1	0	2	6	42	2
0	2	1	24	87	268	30
0	3	0	8	44	42	5
0	0	0	4	45	43	18
0	0	0	0	20	19	0
0	6	3	10	61	114	8
0	1	0	19	41	164	6
0	0	2	38	34	78	19
1	1	0	5	34	77	12
0	0	2	19	48	111	2
0	0	9	41	88	269	94
0	1	0	1	81	68	12
0	0	0	0	25	136	4

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
ROWLEY	3,803	20.2	27.3	77	4	73
RUTLAND	4,291	4.7	5.0	20	0	20
SHEFFIELD +	3,072	NA	NA	51	12	39
SHERBORN	4,350	7.6	30.3	33	1	32
SHIRLEY	5,202	13.3	39.1	69	21	48
SOUTHWICK	7,129	23.8	18.2	170	12	158
STOW	5,308	13.2	7.1	70	1	69
STURBRIDGE +	6,321	NA	NA	197	14	183
SUNDERLAND	3,133	21.4	16.4	67	3	64
SUTTON	5,895	17.8	13.3	105	1	104
TISBURY	2,995	72.5	22.6	217	14	203
WARE	8,669	14.4	52.0	125	1	124
WENHAM	3,838	5.5	33.3	21	1	20
WEST BOYLSTON	5,953	16.8	27.0	100	10	90
W. BRIDGEWATER	6,740	40.4	23.9	272	11	261
WESTMINSTER	5,510	71.0	4.3	391	6	385
WILLIAMSTOWN	8,135	29.9	27.2	243	21	222
WINCHENDON	7,116	13.5	15.6	96	11	85
GROUP 6 TOTAL	504,778	24.5	24.3	12,355	862	11,493
CRIME RATE PER 1,000				24.5	1.7	22.8
GROUP 7 UNDER 2,500						
ASHBY	2,456	11.0	7.4	27	1	26
ASHFIELD +	1,541	NA	NA	3	0	3

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	0	0	4	26	43	4
0	0	0	0	4	14	2
0	0	0	12	6	21	12
0	0	0	1	15	17	0
0	2	0	19	11	36	1
0	1	1	10	75	68	15
0	1	0	0	33	34	2
0	0	0	14	58	103	22
0	0	0	3	22	41	1
0	0	0	1	35	61	8
0	1	0	13	41	144	18
0	0	0	1	47	56	21
0	0	0	1	9	11	0
0	0	1	9	24	62	4
0	1	2	8	65	159	37
0	0	0	6	49	327	9
0	0	1	20	42	172	8
0	2	2	7	22	55	8
4	72	58	728	3,587	7,012	894
.007	.14	.11	1.4	7.1	13.9	1.8
0	1	0	0	9	17	0
0	0	0	0	3	0	0

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
BERLIN	2,456	23.4	15.7	51	3	48
BERNARDSTON	1,822	17.6	21.8	32	4	28
BLANDFORD	1,039	1.0	.0	1	0	1
BRIMFIELD	2,386	5.4	30.8	13	2	11
BROOKFIELD	2,542	.0	.0	0	0	0
GAY-HEAD #	141	5.6	12.5	8	0	8
GILL	1,358	.0	.0	0	0	0
GRANVILLE	1,300	8.5	.0	11	0	11
HARDWICK	2,190	8.7	5.3	19	0	19
HUBBARDSTON +	1,876	NA	NA	20	0	20
LEYDEN #	522	.6	.0	3	0	3
MONTEREY #	708	.3	.0	2	0	2
NORTHFIELD	2,368	22.8	33.3	54	6	48
PHILLIPSTON	1,101	1.8	.8	2	0	2
SHELBURNE	1,924	14.0	33.3	27	2	25
STOCKBRIDGE	2,379	10.1	20.8	24	2	22
TOLLAND #	233	.9	.0	2	0	2
WELLFLEET	2,530	82.6	18.2	209	16	193
WORTHINGTON	1,029	10.7	18.2	11	0	11
GROUP 7 TOTAL	33,622	15.4	Aver. 11.4	519	36	483
CRIME RATE PER 1,000				15.4	1.6	14.4
CITY/TOWN TOTAL	4,976,654	49.4	Aver. 19.0	245,650	29,515	216,135
CRIME RATE PER 1,000				49.4	5.9	43.4

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	2	0	1	24	21	3
0	0	0	4	7	20	1
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	3	8	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	5	3	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	10	0	1
0	0	0	0	12	6	1
0	0	0	0	20	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	2	0
0	0	0	0	2	0	0
0	0	0	6	19	29	0
0	0	0	0	2	0	0
0	0	0	2	7	15	3
0	0	0	2	11	11	0
0	0	0	0	0	2	0
0	0	0	16	69	122	2
0	0	0	0	4	7	0
0	4	0	32	208	264	11
.0	.12	.0	1.0	6.2	7.9	.33
186	1,603	10,337	17,389	55,986	111,778	48,371
.04	.32	2.1	3.5	11.2	22.5	9.7

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
STATE AGENCIES BY COUNTY						
MASSACHUSETTS STATE POLICE						
BARNSTABLE			44.1	34	5	29
BERKSHIRE			30.5	128	15	113
BRISTOL			25.0	104	8	96
DUKES			66.7	18	2	16
ESSEX			100.0	11	6	5
FRANKLIN			39.6	53	10	43
HAMPDEN			27.3	66	14	52
HAMPSHIRE			37.2	43	6	37
MIDDLESEX			100.0	15	5	10
NORFOLK			45.8	48	11	37
PLYMOUTH			44.2	77	10	67
SUFFOLK			15.8	247	8	239
WORCESTER			84.3	70	30	40
MASS. STATE POLICE TOTAL			Aver. 50.8	914	130	784
CAPITOL POLICE			9.3	150	18	132

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	1	0	4	4	9	16
0	0	0	15	53	50	10
0	0	0	8	4	30	62
0	1	0	1	1	13	2
0	0	0	6	0	3	2
0	0	0	10	22	16	5
0	2	1	11	27	18	7
0	1	1	4	13	16	8
0	0	0	5	0	1	9
0	0	0	11	0	2	35
0	1	0	9	1	9	57
0	0	5	3	2	152	85
0	5	4	21	2	12	26
0	11	11	108	129	331	324
0	2	2	14	5	99	28

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
M.B.T.A. POLICE						
MIDDLESEX			15.3	189	27	162
NORFOLK			28.9	197	41	156
SUFFOLK			22.4	1,378	606	772
M.B.T.A. TOTAL			22.4	1,764	674	1,090
METROPOLITAN POLICE						
ESSEX			0	0	0	0
HAMPSHIRE			.0	0	0	0
MIDDLESEX			29.6	71	29	42
NORFOLK			9.5	63	16	47
PLYMOUTH			61.5	13	8	5
SUFFOLK			28.9	405	133	272
WORCESTER			.0	10	2	8
METRO TOTAL			21.9	562	188	374
UNIVERSITY CAMPUS POLICE						
BOSTON COLLEGE			4.1	393	14	379
BOSTON UNIVERSITY			11.2	605	21	584
FRAMINGHAM STATE COLLEGE			46.7	15	1	14
M.I.T.			2.9	693	13	680
NORTH ADAMS STATE COLLEGE			31.3	64	14	50
NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY			13.4	544	52	492

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	0	16	11	20	94	48
0	0	10	31	0	129	27
0	5	323	278	59	635	78
0	5	349	320	79	858	153
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	2	7	20	9	17	16
0	3	4	9	3	20	24
0	0	0	8	0	4	1
0	12	35	86	19	52	201
0	0	0	2	0	8	0
0	17	46	125	31	101	242
0	0	2	12	58	307	14
0	1	9	11	84	479	21
0	0	0	1	1	13	0
0	0	7	6	185	495	0
0	0	0	14	26	24	0
0	1	23	28	33	435	24

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	CRIME RATE	CLEARANCE RATE	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPRTY CRIME
TUFTS UNIVERSITY MEDFORD +			NA	146	8	138
UNIV. OF MASS. AMHERST +			NA	740	16	724
UNIV. OF MASS. BOSTON			8.6	243	6	237
WENTWORTH INST. BOSTON			7.8	205	14	191
UNIVERSITY AND CAMPUS TOTAL			Aver. 15.8	3,648	159	3,489
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS GRAND TOTAL	5,746,441	43.7	17.0	252,688	30,684	222,004
CRIME RATE PER 1,000				44.0	5.3	38.6
RISK FACTOR				ONE IN 23	ONE IN 187	ONE IN 26

MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
0	0	0	8	34	102	2
0	2	0	14	188	498	38
0	0	0	6	18	215	4
0	0	8	6	29	156	6
0	4	49	106	656	2,724	109
186	1,642	10,794	18,062	56,886	115,891	49,227
.03	.29	1.9	3.1	9.9	20.2	8.6
ONE IN 30,895	* ONE IN 1,816	ONE IN 532	ONE IN 318	ONE IN 101	ONE IN 50	**ONE IN 88 ONE IN 117

SYMBOL GUIDE:

#= Indicated Crime Rate Calculated per 100 persons

+= Estimated Crime Index totals due to incomplete reports for 1986

N/A = Calculation of rate not possible due to estimated Crime Index totals

*= Risk factor based on the number of females; not total number in inhabitants

**= Risk factor based on the number of registered motor vehicles in Massachusetts in 1986

MASSACHUSETTS LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEES 1986

Comparative Notes:

a.	*National Rate of Police Officers per 1,000 people:	2.1
b.	Massachusetts (City & Town) Police Officer Rate per 1,000 Massachusetts Residents, 1986:	2.1
c.	Massachusetts (State Total) Rate of Police Officers per 1,000 Massachusetts Residents, 1986:	2.6

*Based on information obtained from Crime In the U. S., 1986, Federal Bureau of Investigation,U.C.R. Section.

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
ABINGTON	13,166	1.9	25	25	0	1
ACTON	17,431	1.6	28	28	0	1
ACUSHNET	8,772	1.7	15	14	1	2
ADAMS	9,611	2.3	22	22	0	1
AGAWAM	24,612	2.0	48	47	1	4
ALFORD	353	.0	0	0	0	0
AMESBURY	13,923	2.1	29	29	0	1
AMHERST	35,827	.8	29	27	2	5
ANDOVER	27,154	1.8	50	48	2	12
ARLINGTON	46,465	1.6	74	71	3	6
ASHBURNHAM	4,322	1.2	5	5	0	0
ASHBY	2,456	.4	1	1	0	0
ASHFIELD	1,541	.6	1	1	0	0
ASHLAND	10,531	1.8	19	19	0	1
ATHOL	10,321	1.7	18	17	1	0
ATTLEBORO	32,233	2.0	63	62	1	3
AUBURN	14,719	1.3	19	18	1	6
AVON	4,768	2.3	11	11	0	3
AYER	6,014	2.0	12	11	1	4
BARNSTABLE	32,891	2.4	80	78	2	10
BARRE	4,020	.7	3	3	0	0
BECKET	1,278	.0	0	0	0	0
BEDFORD	11,709	2.0	24	22	2	1
BELCHERTOWN	7,863	1.3	10	10	0	4
BELLINGHAM	13,677	1.5	21	21	0	5

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
BELMONT	26,178	2.2	57	57	0	5
BERKLEY	2,994	1.0	3	3	0	3
BERLIN	2,177	1.8	4	4	0	1
BERNARDSTON	1,822	1.1	2	2	0	0
BEVERLY	35,532	2.3	81	78	3	2
BILLERICA	36,687	1.6	60	59	1	12
BLACKSTONE	6,522	1.7	11	11	0	3
BLANDFORD	1,039	.0	0	0	0	0
BOLTON	2,958	1.4	4	3	1	4
BOSTON	601,095	3.2	1946	1820	126	595
BOURNE	15,636	2.0	31	30	1	6
BOXBOROUGH	3,170	1.9	6	6	0	1
BOYFORD	5,565	1.8	10	10	0	1
BOYLSTON	3,594	1.4	5	5	0	0
BRAINTREE	35,189	2.3	80	78	2	10
BREWSTER	6,574	2.6	17	17	0	2
BRIDGEWATER	18,837	1.5	28	28	0	1
BRIMFIELD	2,386	.0	0	0	0	0
BROCKTON	97,429	1.9	183	170	13	25
BROOKFIELD	2,542	.4	1	1	0	0
BROOKLINE	58,152	2.5	146	140	6	11
BUCKLAND	1,819	1.1	2	2	0	0
BURLINGTON	22,514	2.5	57	56	1	4
CAMBRIDGE	86,865	3.0	257	240	17	18
CANTON	17,550	2.2	38	37	1	2

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
CARLISLE	3,862	2.1	8	6	2	3
CARVER	9,008	1.3	12	11	1	1
CHARLEMONT	1,159	.9	1	1	0	0
CHARLTON	7,635	1.3	10	10	0	3
CHATHAM	6.332	3.3	21	19	2	2
CHELMSFORD	30,684	1.8	55	53	2	6
CHELSEA	23,432	2.8	65	61	4	12
CHESHIRE	3,323	.0	0	0	0	0
CHESTERFIELD	963	.0	0	0	0	0
CHICOPEE	53,325	2,1	110	106	4	2
CHILMARK	520	5.8	3	2	1	0
CLARKSBURG	1,718	.0	0	0	0	0
CLINTON	12,689	1.5	19	18	1	1
COHASSET	7,149	2.5	18	17	1	0
COLRAIN	1,595	.0	0	0	0	0
CONCORD	15,636	2.0	31	28	3	5
CUMMINGTON	722	.0	0	0	0	0
DALTON	6,676	1.5	10	10	0	1
DANVERS	24,224	1.7	40	40	0	10
DARTMOUTH	24,843	2.1	51	49	2	8
DEDHAM	23,730	2.3	55	55	0	3
DEERFIELD	4,485	.9	4	4	0	0
DENNIS	12,709	2.5	32	31	1	9
DIGHTON	5,028	1.8	9	8	1	0

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
DOUGLAS	4,077	1.7	7	7	0	3
DOVER	4,581	3.3	15	15	0	0
DRACUT	22,200	1.6	35	35	0	2
DUDLEY	8,592	1.3	11	10	1	4
DUNSTABLE	1,889	1.1	2	2	0	0
DUXBURY	13,248	2.0	27	25	2	2
EAST BRIDGEWATER	9,782	2.2	22	21	1	0
EAST BROOKFIELD	1,883	.5	1	1	0	0
EAST LONGMEADOW	12,403	1.9	24	23	1	2
EASTHAM	3,870	3.4	13	12	1	6
EASTHAMPTON	15,353	1.6	25	25	0	1
EASTON	18,079	1.5	28	28	0	1
EDGARTOWN	2,617	3.8	10	10	0	1
EGREMONT	1.268	1.6	2	2	0	0
ERVING	1,297	1.5	2	2	0	0
ESSEX	2,971	2.0	6	6	0	0
EVERETT	35,773	2.4	85	81	4	6
FAIRHAVEN	15,451	1.9	30	30	0	0
FALL RIVER	89,626	2.4	215	209	6	39
FALMOUTH	25,974	2.2	56	54	2	8
FITCHBURG	39,576	1.7	66	66	0	8
FLORIDA	636	.0	0	0	0	0
FOXBOROUGH	14,522	1.8	26	25	1	1
FRAMINGHAM	61,241	1.8	109	106	3	10
FRANKLIN	17,865	1.7	30	29	1	6

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
FREETOWN	7,575	1.6	12	11	1	4
GARDNER	17,921	1.8	32	31	1	2
GAY HEAD	141	21.3	3	3	0	0
GEORGETOWN	5,884	1.4	8	7	1	4
GILL	1,358	.0	0	0	0	0
GLOUCESTER	24,946	2.7	67	65	2	4
GOSHEN	729	.0	0	0	0	0
GOSNOLD	59	.0	0	0	0	0
GRAFTON	11,239	1.4	16	15	1	5
GRANBY	5,076	4.1	21	19	2	2
GRANVILLE	1,300	.0	0	0	0	0
GREAT BARRINGTON	6,796	2.1	14	13	1	0
GREENFIELD	18,845	1.6	31	29	2	2
GROTON	6,567	1.8	12	12	0	5
GROVELAND	5,089	1.6	8	8	0	5
HADLEY	4,056	.5	2	2	0	2
HALIFAX	5,925	1.9	11	11	0	9
HAMILTON	7,103	2.0	14	14	0	1
HAMPDEN	4,644	1.7	8	8	0	4
HANCOCK	690	.0	0	0	0	0
HANOVER	11,384	2.1	24	23	1	2
HANSON	8,316	1.9	16	16	0	2
HARDWICK	2,190	.9	2	2	0	0
HARVARD	4,815	1.5	7	6	1	0

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
HAPWICH	9,050	2.9	26	26	0	6
HATFIELD	3,098	.3	1	1	0	0
HAVERHILL	46,172	1.7	79	78	1	11
HAWLEY	298	3.4	1	1	0	0
HEATH	530	.0	0	0	0	0
HINGHAM	20,648	2.3	47	46	1	6
HINSDALE	1,727	.0	0	0	0	0
HOLBROOK	10,901	1.7	18	16	2	0
HOLDEN	13,187	1.1	14	13	1	5
HOLLAND	1,785	.0	0	0	0	0
HOLLISTON	12,606	1.7	21	20	1	0
HOLYOKE	43,125	3.0	128	122	6	15
HOPEDALE	4,233	1.4	6	6	0	1
HOPKINTON	7,711	1.7	13	13	0	5
HUBBARDSTON	1,876	.5	1	1	0	0
HUDSON	17,251	1.7	29	29	0	4
HULL	9,791	2.8	27	24	3	6
HUNTINGTON	1,803	.0	0	0	0	0
IPSWICH	11,368	1.9	22	21	1	1
KINGSTON	7,209	2.4	17	17	0	1
LAKEVILLE	6,467	2.3	15	15	0	5
LANCASTER	6,142	1.3	8	7	1	0
LANESBORO	2,960	1.4	4	4	0	0
LAWRENCE	58,785	2.3	133	131	2	17

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
LEE	5,865	1.5	9	9	0	0
LEICESTER	9,320	1.5	14	13	1	2
LENOX	5,789	1.4	8	7	1	0
LEOMINSTER	31,113	1.9	59	58	1	5
LEVERETT	1,563	.0	0	0	0	0
LEYDEN	522	.0	0	0	0	0
LEXINGTON	29,224	1.7	50	48	2	7
LINCOLN	6,902	1.7	12	12	0	4
LITTLETON	6,984	1.7	12	12	0	0
LONGMEADOW	15,971	1.9	30	30	0	1
LOWELL	95,339	1.8	174	169	5	26
LUDLOW	16,607	1.6	27	26	1	1
LUNENBURG	8,185	1.2	10	10	0	1
LYNN	78,463	1.9	153	145	8	11
LYNNFIELD	11,135	1.7	19	19	0	7
MALDEN	52,474	2.0	106	104	2	9
MANCHESTER	5,472	2.6	14	14	0	2
MANSFIELD	14,449	1.5	22	21	1	5
MARBLEHEAD	19,403	2.2	42	41	1	2
MARION	3,851	3.1	12	10	2	0
MARLBORO	34,294	1.6	54	54	0	4
MARSHFIELD	22,295	2.0	44	41	3	4
MASHPEE	5,070	4.5	23	22	1	7
MATTAPOISETT	5,637	2.7	15	13	2	0

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
MAYNARD	9,708	2.3	22	22	0	2
MEDFIELD	10,330	1.5	15	15	0	2
MEDFORD	57,184	2.0	116	113	3	8
MEDWAY	9,037	1.5	14	14	0	5
MELROSE	28,774	2.1	59	59	0	2
MENDON	3,165	2.2	7	7	0	0
MERRIMAC	4,237	1.2	5	5	0	3
METHUEN	36,624	1.7	61	58	3	14
MIDDLEBOROUGH	16,066	2.4	38	36	2	11
MIDDLEFIELD	374	.0	0	0	0	0
MIDDLETON	4,482	1.8	8	8	0	1
MILFORD	24,038	1.5	36	35	1	2
MILLBURY	11,486	1.7	19	18	1	1
MILLIS	6,689	2.1	14	14	0	3
MILLVILLE	1,783	1.7	3	3	0	0
MILTON	25,589	2.1	53	51	2	3
MONROE	135	.0	0	0	0	0
MONSON	7,249	1.5	11	11	0	4
MONTAGUE	7,906	1.9	15	14	1	2
MONTEREY	708	5.6	4	4	0	0
MONTGOMERY	667	.0	0	0	0	0
MT. WASHINGTON	105	.0	0	0	0	0
NAHANT	4,070	2.5	10	10	0	1
NANTUCKET	5,959	3.7	22	22	0	5

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
NATICK	30,280	1.8	55	55	0	7
NEEDHAM	27,870	1.9	54	52	2	4
NEW ASHFORD	171	.0	0	0	0	0
NEW BEDFORD	96,533	2.5	237	218	19	41
NEW BRAINTREE	782	.0	0	0	0	0
NEW MARLBORO	1,107	.0	0	0	0	0
NEW SALEM	770	.0	0	0	0	0
NEWBURY	5,423	.7	4	4	0	1
NEWBURYPORT	15,635	2.0	32	31	1	2
NEWTON	82,925	2.4	198	186	12	20
NORFOLK	8,210	1.6	13	13	0	5
NORTH ADAMS	16,356	2.0	32	31	1	2
NORTH ANDOVER	19,711	1.6	31	30	1	2
NORTH ATTLEBORO	22,200	1.4	30	28	2	4
NORTH BROOKFIELD	4,045	1.2	5	5	0	1
NORTH READING	11,897	2.0	24	24	0	1
NORTHAMPTON	28,042	1.9	53	49	4	7
NORTHBORO	10,887	1.7	18	17	1	4
NORTHBRIDGE	12,342	1.3	16	16	0	1
NORTHFIELD	2,368	.4	1	1	0	0
NORTON	12,931	1.8	23	23	0	2
NORWELL	9,031	2.2	20	20	0	8
NORWOOD	28,551	2.1	60	57	3	8
OAK BLUFFS	2,261	4.9	11	11	0	1
OAKHAM	1,212	.0	0	0	0	0

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
ORANGE	6,341	1.9	12	12	0	1
ORLEANS	5,979	3.7	22	22	0	3
OTIS	906	.0	0	0	0	0
OXFORD	11,403	1.1	13	13	0	5
PALMER	11,327	1.4	16	16	0	5
PAXTON	3,711	.8	3	3	0	0
PEABODY	45,766	1.9	87	87	0	7
PELHAM	1,136	.9	1	1	0	0
PEMBROKE	13,519	1.9	26	26	0	1
PEPPERELL	8,661	1.4	12	12	0	1
PEPU	628	.0	0	0	0	0
PETERSHAM	982	1.0	1	1	0	0
PHILLIPSTON	1,101	.0	0	0	0	0
PITTSFIELD	48,876	1.7	82	78	4	11
PLAINFIELD	479	.0	0	0	0	0
PLAINVILLE	5,683	2.3	13	13	0	3
PLYMOUTH	38,836	2.1	80	79	1	12
PLYMPTON	2,177	1.8	4	4	0	3
PRINCETON	2,680	.4	1	1	0	0
PROVINCETOWN	3,956	4.3	17	16	1	2
QUINCY	88,122	2.3	201	197	4	36
RANDOLPH	28,435	1.7	47	[illegible]	1	3
RAYNHAM	8,935	1.5	13	13	0	1
READING	21,993	1.8	39	38	1	2

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
REHOBOTH	7,674	2.1	16	15	1	4
REVERE	39,512	2.8	110	110	0	8
RICHMOND	1,608	1.9	3	3	0	0
ROCHESTER	3,339	.9	3	3	0	0
ROCKLAND	15,454	1.9	30	28	2	5
ROCKPORT	6,793	2.4	16	15	1	1
ROWE	335	.0	0	0	0	0
ROWLEY	3,803	1.8	7	7	0	4
ROYALSTON	964	.0	0	0	0	0
RUSSELL	1,397	.7	1	1	0	0
RUTLAND	4,291	.2	1	1	0	0
SALEM	37,092	2.3	86	83	3	3
SALISBURY	6,588	2.6	17	17	0	3
SANDISFIELD	771	.0	0	0	0	0
SANDWICH	11,589	2.2	26	25	1	2
SAUCUS	24,628	2.0	50	49	1	2
SAVOY	550	.0	0	0	0	0
SCITUATE	17,287	1.8	31	28	3	7
SEEKONK	12,271	2.3	28	27	1	4
SHARON	14,581	1.5	22	21	1	6
SHEFFIELD	3,072	.7	2	2	0	1
SHELBURNE	1,924	1.0	2	2	0	0
SHERBORN	4.350	3.0	13	12	1	0
SHIRLEY	5,202	1.7	9	8	1	1

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
SHREWSBURY	22,181	1.4	31	30	1	6
SHUTESBURY	1,126	.0	0	0	0	0
SOMERSET	18,524	1.6	30	30	0	5
SOMERVILLE	71,134	2.0	140	137	3	7
SOUTH HADLEY	15,607	1.6	25	24	1	1
SOUTHAMPTON	4,208	1.4	6	6	0	0
SOUTHBORO	6,334	1.9	12	11	1	3
SOUTHBRIDGE	16,501	1.6	27	26	1	2
SOUTHWICK	7,129	1.5	11	11	0	4
SPENCER	10,773	1.1	12	12	0	3
SPRINGFIELD	158,763	2.9	458	437	21	74
STERLING	5,956	1.2	7	7	0	1
STOCKBRIDGE	2,379	2.5	6	6	0	0
STONEHAM	21,836	1.9	42	42	0	2
STOUGHTON	24,156	1.9	47	45	2	3
STOW	5,308	2.3	12	12	0	4
STURBRIDGE	6,321	1.4	9	9	0	4
SUDBURY	13,736	2.1	29	29	0	2
SUNDERLAND	3,133	.6	2	2	0	2
SUTTON	5,895	1.7	10	10	0	1
SWAMPSCOTT	13,524	2.3	31	30	1	1
SWANSEA	14,747	2.0	30	29	1	5
TAUNTON	42,001	2.2	91	87	4	5
TEMPLETON	5,936	1.2	7	7	0	0

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
TEWKSBURY	24,442	1.8	44	42	2	1
TISBURY	2,995	3.3	10	10	0	1
TOLLAND	233	.0	0	0	0	0
TOPSFIELD	5,480	1.6	9	9	0	1
TOWNSEND	8,140	1.5	12	11	1	1
TRURO	1,431	4.9	7	7	0	4
TYNGSBORO	6,194	2.6	16	15	1	3
TYRINGHAM	322	.0	0	0	0	0
UPTON	4,260	1.2	5	5	0	0
UXBRIDGE	8,730	1.5	13	13	0	1
WAKEFIELD	24,495	1.9	47	47	0	2
WALES	1,086	.0	0	0	0	0
WALPOLE	18,092	2.0	37	36	1	1
WALTHAM	57,955	2.3	134	129	5	8
WARE	8,669	1.6	14	13	1	1
WAREHAM	16,308	2.1	35	35	0	2
WARREN	3,717	1.1	4	4	0	0
WARWICK	635	.0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	515	.0	0	0	0	0
WATERTOWN	32,189	2.3	74	71	3	4
WAYLAND	11,432	1.9	22	20	2	1
WEBSTER	13,985	1.9	26	25	1	1
WELLESLEY	27,052	1.8	48	48	0	6
WELLFLEET	2,530	4.0	10	9	1	4

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
WENDELL	704	.0	0	0	0	0
WENHAM	3,838	2.3	9	8	1	1
WEST BOYLSTON	5,953	1.8	11	10	1	1
WEST BRIDGEWATER	6,740	2.4	16	16	0	0
WEST BROOKFIELD	2,972	1.0	3	3	0	0
WEST NEWBURY	3,175	1.6	5	4	1	0
WEST SPRINGFIELD	25,289	2.6	65	63	2	7
WEST STOCKBRIDGE	1,237	.8	1	1	0	0
WEST TISBURY	1,430	2.8	4	4	0	0
WESTBORO	13,549	2.1	28	24	4	0
WESTFIELD	34,717	1.8	63	62	1	4
WESTFORD	15,051	1.7	25	25	0	7
WESTHAMPTON	1,213	.8	1	1	0	0
WESTMINSTER	5,510	1.3	7	7	0	1
WESTON	10,743	2.3	25	25	0	3
WESTPORT	13,362	1.7	23	22	1	1
WESTWOOD	13,174	2.3	30	29	1	2
WEYMOUTH	53,735	1.8	96	94	2	11
WHITMAN	13,368	1.3	18	18	0	0
WILBRAHAM	11,958	1.8	22	21	1	1
WILLIAMSBURG	2,287	.0	0	0	0	0
WILLIAMSTOWN	8,135	1.1	9	9	0	3
WILMINGTON	17,704	2.2	39	38	1	2
WINCHENDON	7,116	1.7	12	12	0	1

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
WINCHESTER	20,763	2.1	43	43	0	7
WINDSOR	608	.0	0	0	0	0
WINTHROP	18,141	2.1	38	37	1	1
WOBURN	34,793	2.0	69	68	1	4
WORCESTER	164,651	2.3	373	355	18	102
WORTHINGTON	1,029	5.8	6	5	1	0
WRENTHAM	7,223	1.7	12	12	0	1
YARMOUTH	18,348	2.2	40	38	2	8
CITY & TOWN TOTALS POLICE EMPLOYEES	5,746,441	2.1	12,211	11,728	483	1,858
STATE AGENCIES POLICE EMPLOYEES						
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE - BOSTON	NA		*22	19	3	0
CAPITOL POLICE	NA		83	77	6	0
MASSACHUSETTS STATE POLICE	NA		1082	1024	58	182
M.B.T.A. POLICE	NA		128	112	16	6
METROPOLITAN POLICE	NA		559	539	20	5
MASS. REGISTRY OF MOTOR VEHICLES	NA		265	248	17	0
STATE AGENCIES POLICE EMPLOYEES TOTAL	NA		2,117	2,000	117	193
CAMPUS POLICE AGENCIES						
BENTLEY COLLEGE	NA		23	22	1	2
BOSTON COLLEGE	NA		41	38	3	2
BOSTON UNIVERSITY	NA		41	38	3	1

DEPARTMENT	POPU-LATION	EMPLOYEE RATE (SWORN)	SWORN OFFICERS TOTAL	OFFICERS MALE	OFFICERS FEMALE	TOTAL CIVILIANS
BRANDEIS UNIVERSITY	NA		17	16	1	0
CLARK UNIVERSITY	NA		10	9	1	1
FITCHBURG STATE COLLEGE	NA		10	9	1	1
FRAMINGHAM STATE COLLEGE	NA		8	7	1	0
HARVARD UNIVERSITY	NA		70	67	3	4
MASS. INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY	NA		40	37	3	4
NORTH ADAMS STATE COLLEGE	NA		10	9	1	1
NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY	NA		47	40	7	28
SPRINGFIELD COLLEGE	NA		11	7	4	0
TUFTS UNIVERSITY	NA		39	36	3	18
UNIV. OF MASS. AMHERST CAMPUS	NA		43	39	4	6
UNIV. OF MASS. BOSTON CAMPUS	NA		27	23	4	0
UNIV. OF MASS. WORCESTER CAMPUS	NA		17	15	2	3
WENTWORTH INST. OF TECHNOLOGY	NA		8	7	1	0
WESTFIELD STATE COLLEGE	NA		11	9	2	5
WORCESTER STATE COLLEGE	NA		6	6	0	0
CAMPUS POLICE AGENCIES - TOTAL	NA		479	434	45	76
COMM. OF MASS. POLICE EMPLOYEE TOTALS	5,746,441	2.6	14,807	14,162	645	2,127

M A S S A C H U S E T T S C R I M E R E P O R T I N G U N I T

U N I F O R M C R I M E R E P O R T I N G S T A F F

JOHN P. CLOHERTY
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR - CHSB

JOHN T. PRENDERGAST
PROGRAMMER III

MALINDA GOSS
DATA ENTRY SYSTEMS MANAGER

BARBARA MCKAY
RESEARCH ASSISTANT

KATE COLLINS
RESEARCH ASSISTANT

CAMY JEAN-MARY
EDP SUPERVISOR

MARTHE VIAUD
EDP SENIOR OPERATOR

BOOKS

FOURTH CLASS MAIL

THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

OFFICE OF
COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC SAFETY

1010 COMMONWEALTH AVE., BOSTON, 02215